



# Leveraging Ray Tracing Hardware Acceleration In Unity

Digital Dragons '19

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# High Definition Render Pipeline (HDRP)



Scriptable Render Pipeline



Physically Based Lighting



Modern design



Designed for AAA productions



Book of the dead

<https://github.com/Unity-Technologies/ScriptableRenderPipeline>



# HDRP



The Heretic



Harold Halibut



# Motivation







# Ray Tracing Effects





# Ray Tracing Effects



Left: real footage. Right rendered with Unity



# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



Indirect Diffuse (GI)



# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



Recursive Tracing



Indirect Diffuse



# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



Recursive Tracing



Indirect Diffuse



Indirect Specular  
(Reflections)



# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



Indirect Diffuse



Indirect Specular



Recursive Tracing



Stochastic Area Shadows



# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



Recursive Tracing



Indirect Diffuse



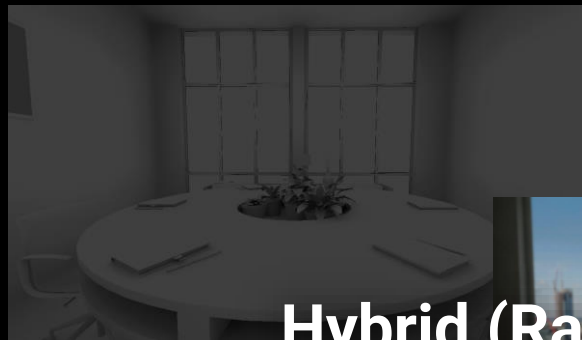
Indirect Specular



Stochastic Area Shadows



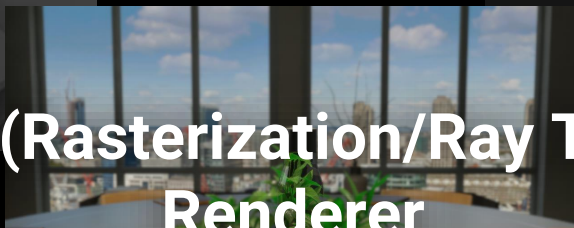
# Ray Tracing Effects



Ambient Occlusion



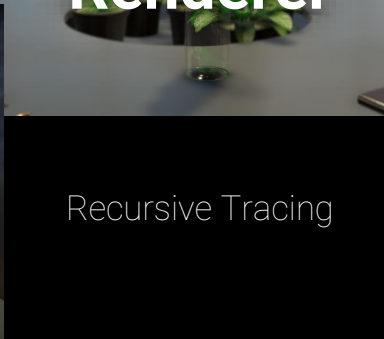
Indirect Diffuse



Hybrid (Rasterization/Ray Tracing)  
Renderer



Indirect Specular



Recursive Tracing



Stochastic Area Shadows



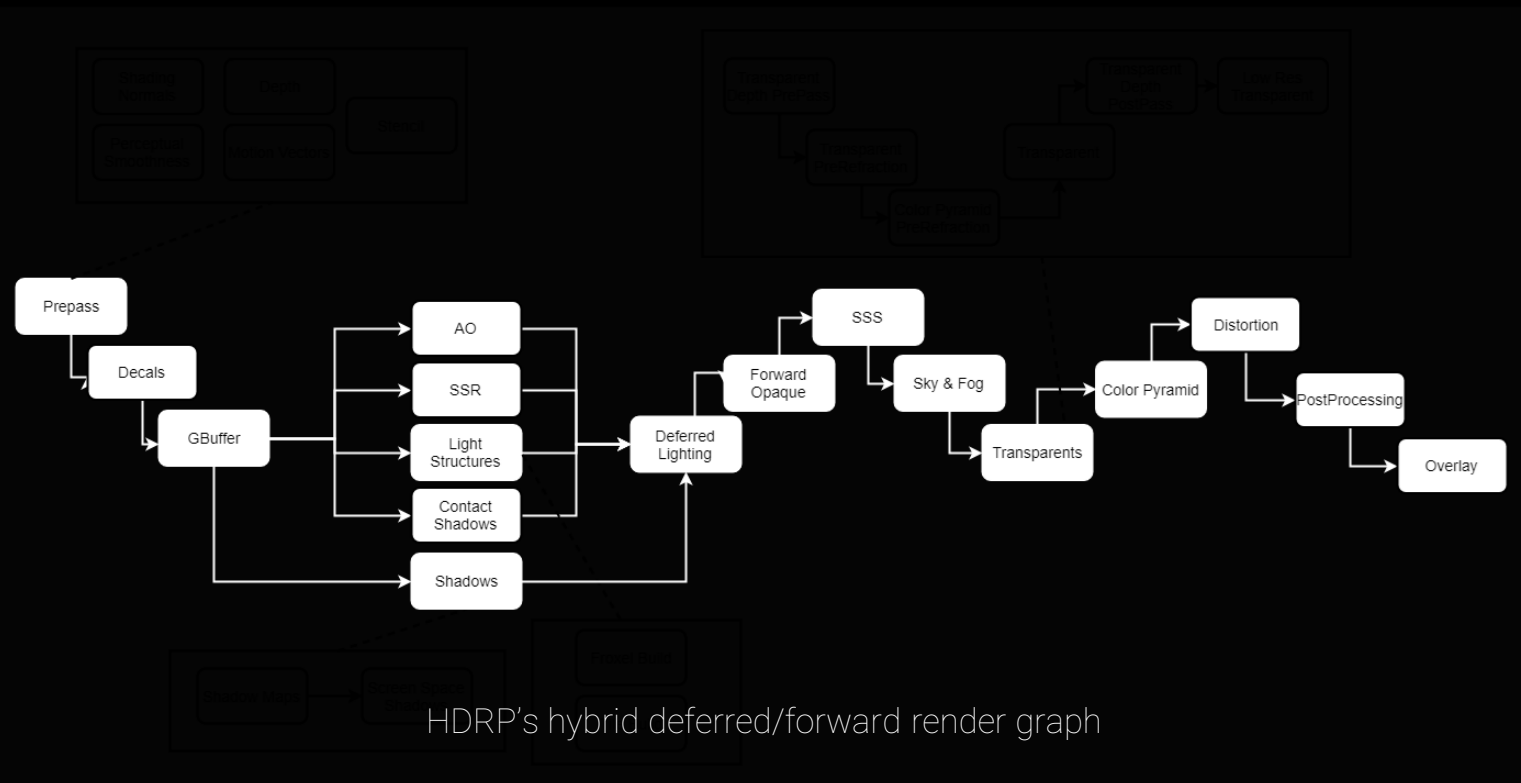
# HDRP Render Graph



A wild digital dragon appears!

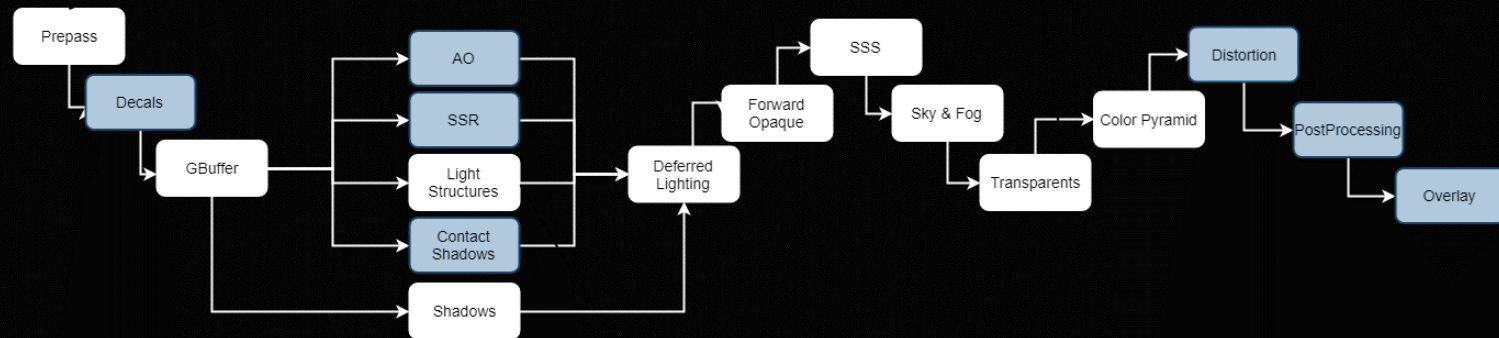


# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward





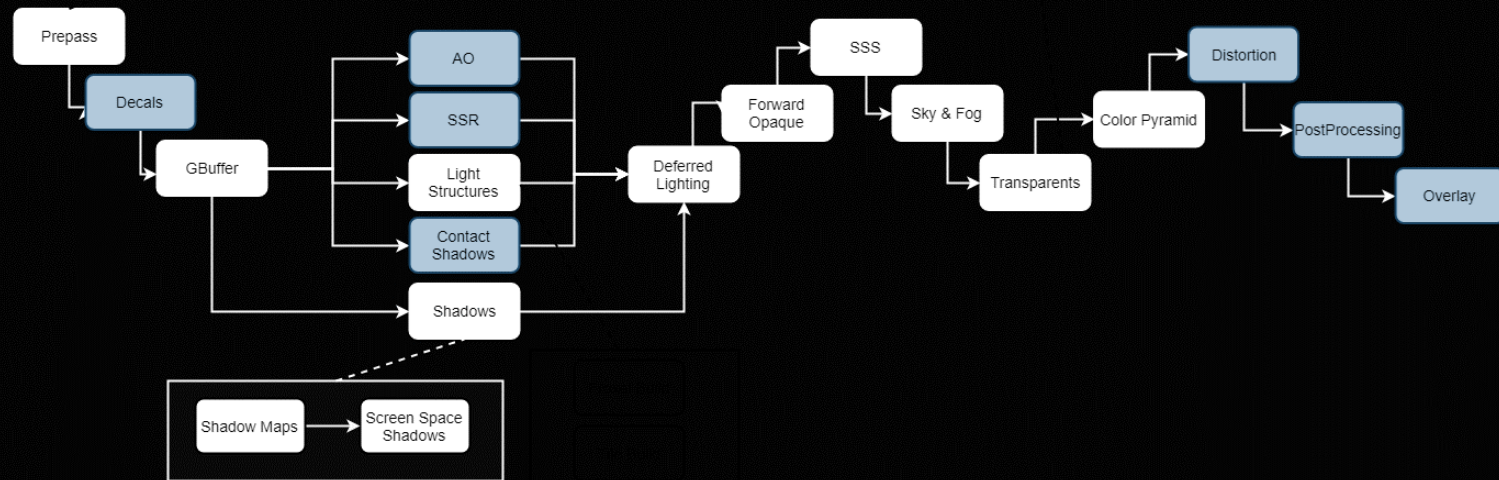
# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward



HDRP's hybrid deferred/forward render graph  
(blue are optional steps)

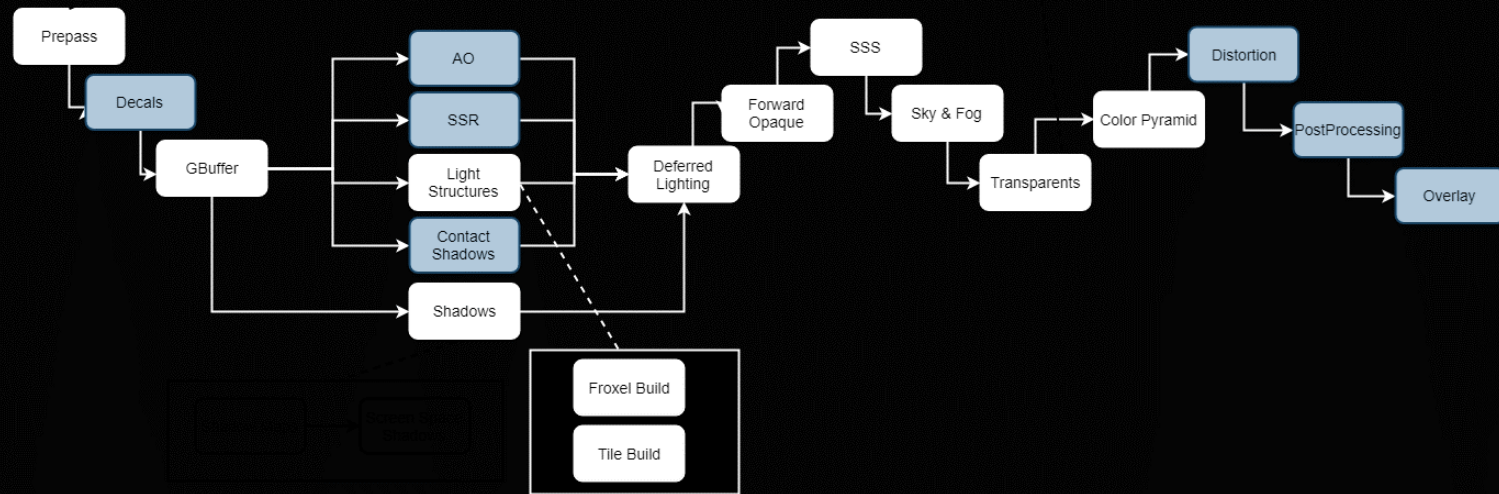


# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward



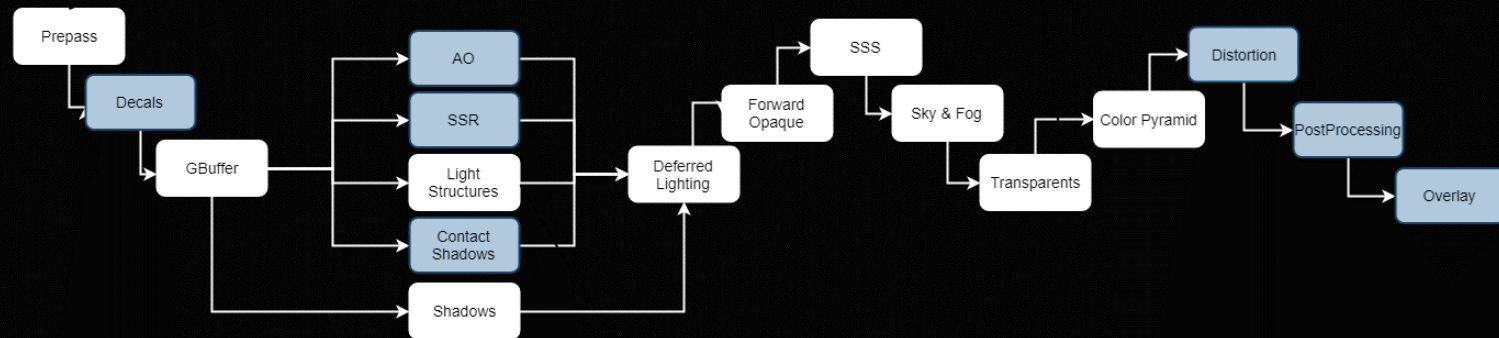


# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward



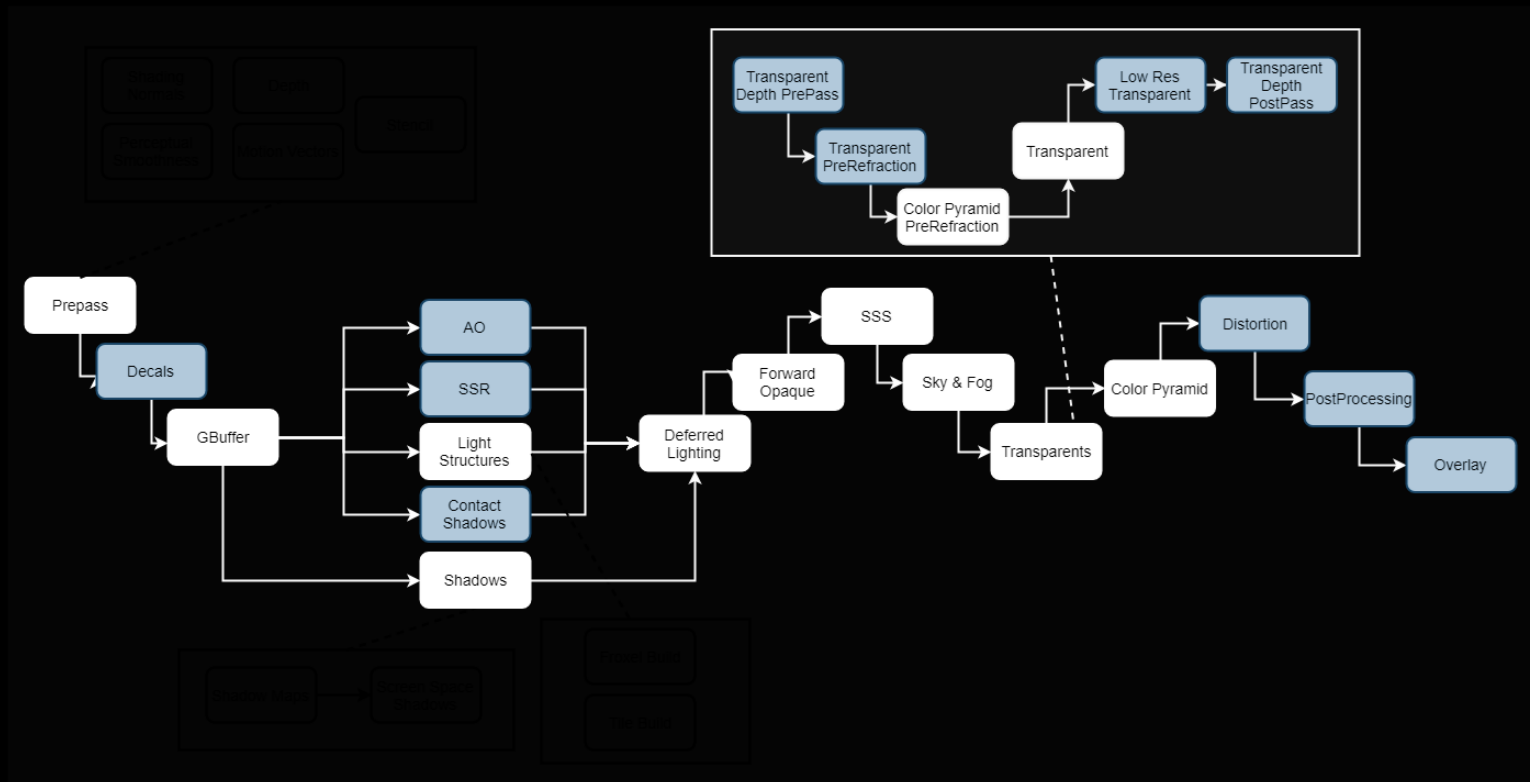


# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward



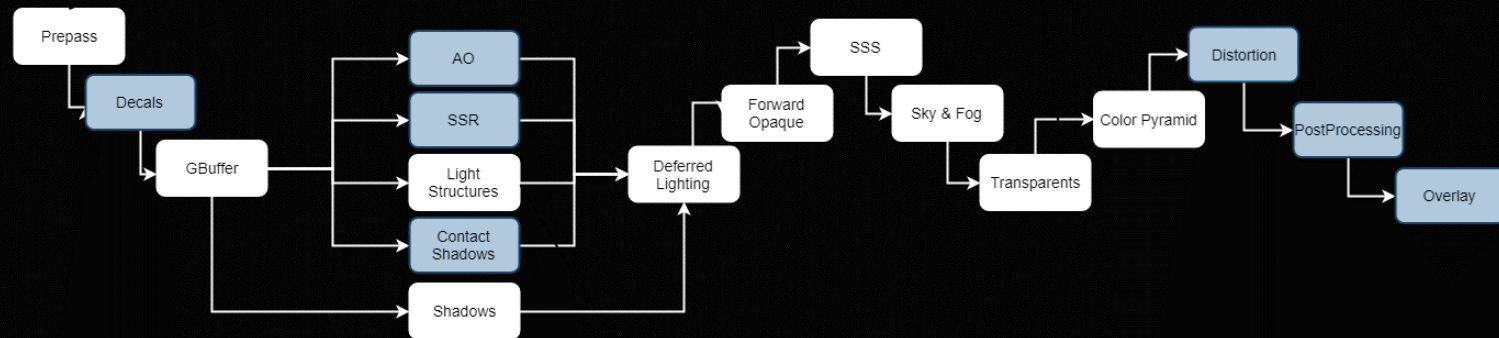


# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward



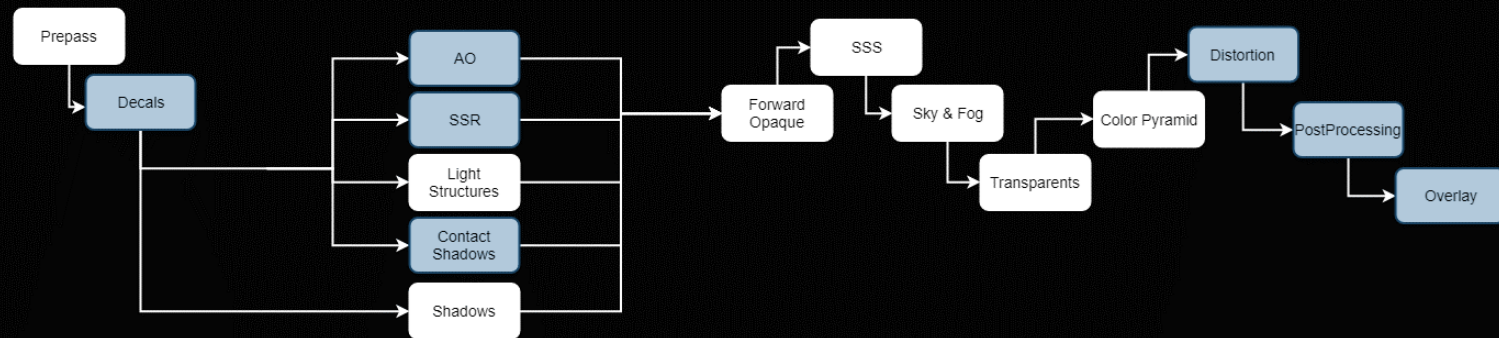


# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward





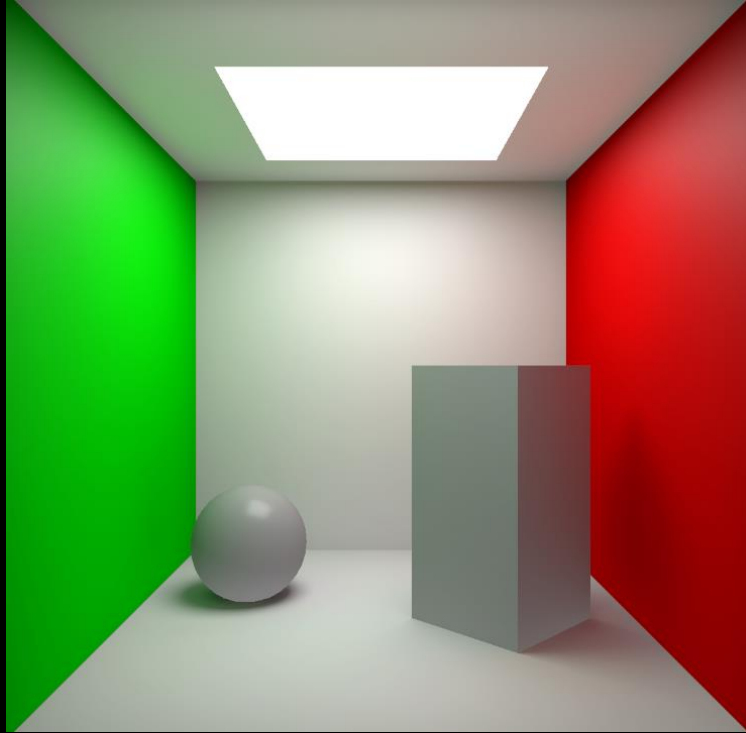
# Render Graph - Forward Only



HDRP's forward only render graph



# Cornell Box



Cornell Box in HDRP with stochastic area shadows and ray traced indirect diffuse



# Cornell Box



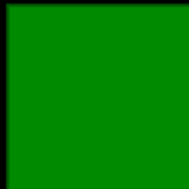


# Cornell Box

```
gid: sphere,  
color: float3(1, 1, 1),  
TRS: ...
```



```
gid: plane,  
color: float3(0, 1, 0),  
TRS: ...
```



```
gid: plane,  
color: float3(1, 1, 1),  
TRS: ...
```



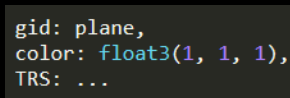
```
gid: plane,  
color: float3(1, 1, 1),  
TRS: ...
```



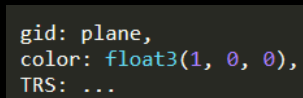
```
gid: cube,  
color: float3(1, 1, 1),  
TRS: ...
```



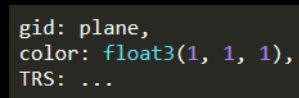
```
gid: plane,  
color: float3(1, 1, 1),  
TRS: ...
```



```
gid: plane,  
color: float3(1, 0, 0),  
TRS: ...
```



```
gid: plane,  
color: float3(1, 1, 1),  
TRS: ...
```





# Classic Command List

## GFX Render Queue

Resource Binding



Dispatch



```
[numthreads(COMPUTE_TILE_RESOLUTION, COMPUTE_TILE_RESOLUTION, 1)]  
void ComputeShaderExample(uint2 : SV_GroupThreadID, uint2 : SV_GroupID)
```



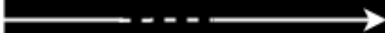
# Classic Command List

## GFX Render Queue

Resource Binding



Dispatch



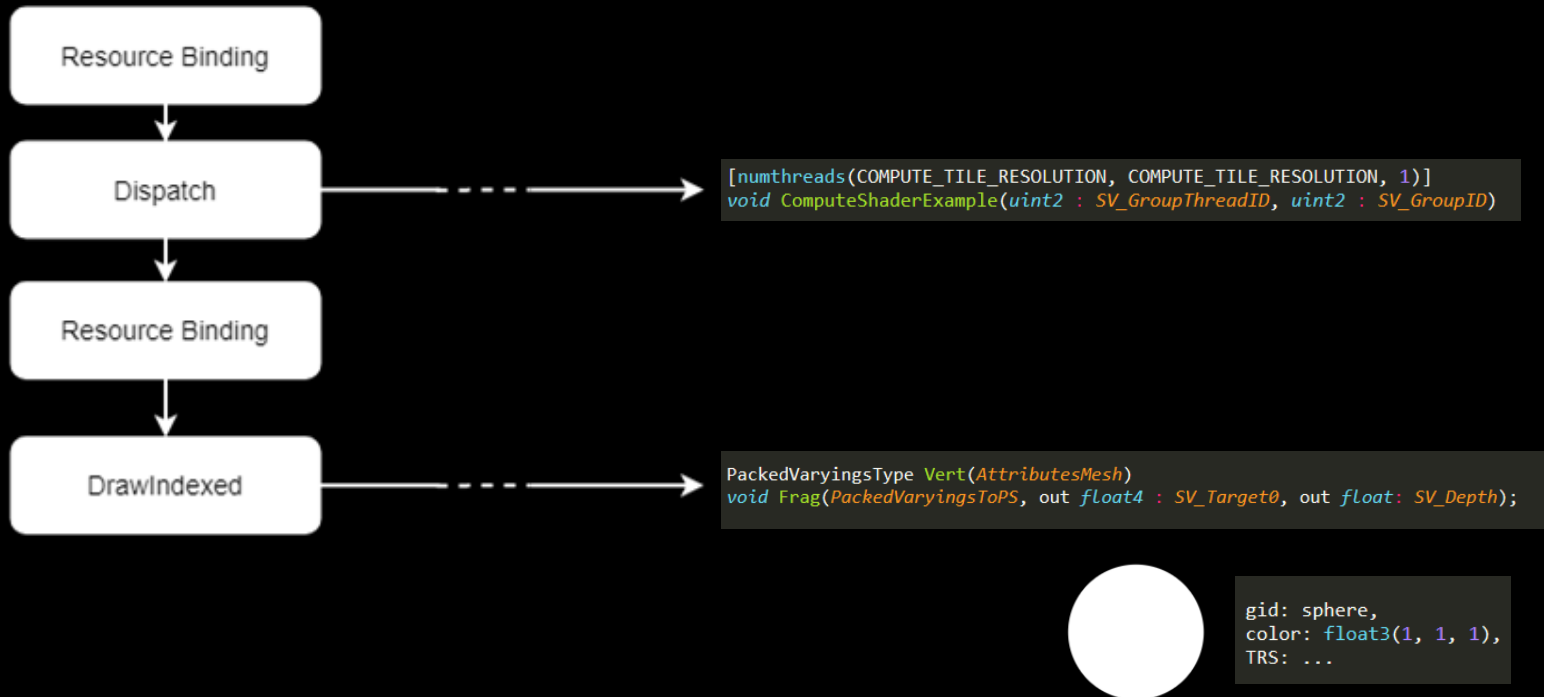
```
[numthreads(COMPUTE_TILE_RESOLUTION, COMPUTE_TILE_RESOLUTION, 1)]  
void ComputeShaderExample(uint2 : SV_GroupThreadID, uint2 : SV_GroupID)
```

SSR, SSAO, Contact Shadows...



# Classic Command List

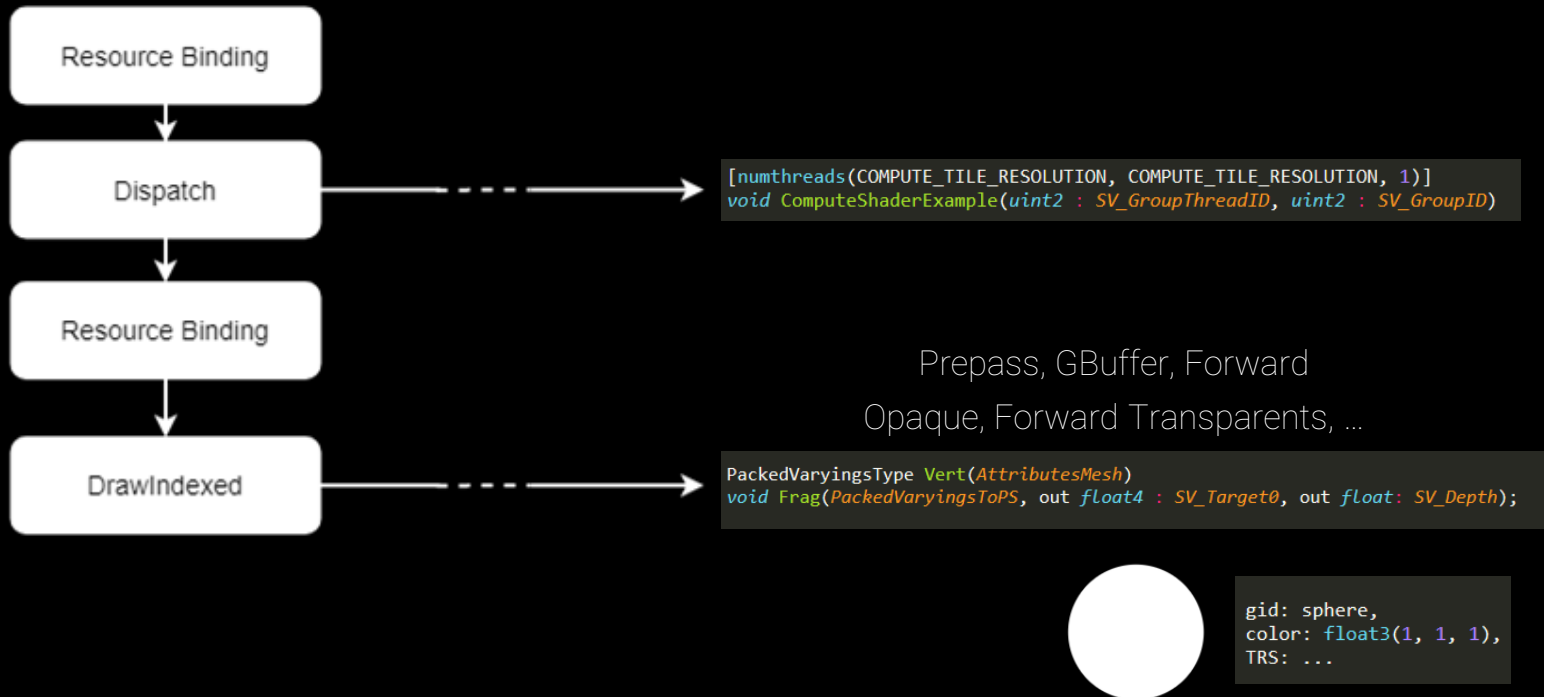
## GFX Render Queue





# Classic Command List

## GFX Render Queue





# Classic Command List

GFX Render Queue

Resource Binding



Dispatch



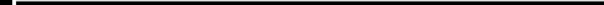
Resource Barrier

Async Queue

Resource Binding



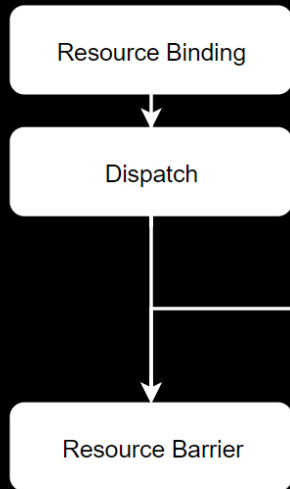
Dispatch



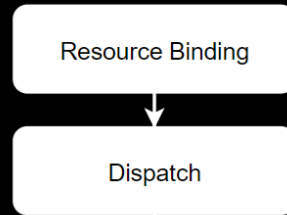


# Classic Command List

## GFX Render Queue



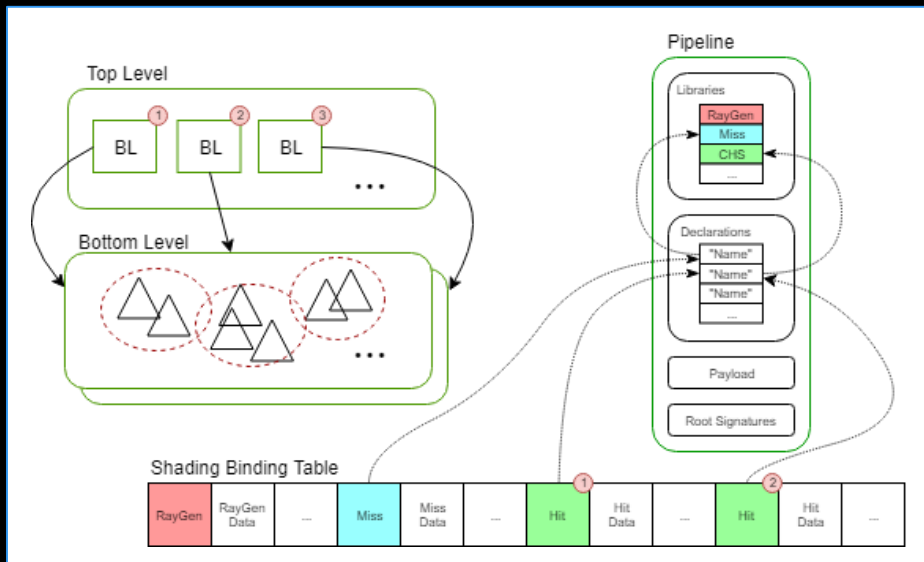
## Async Queue



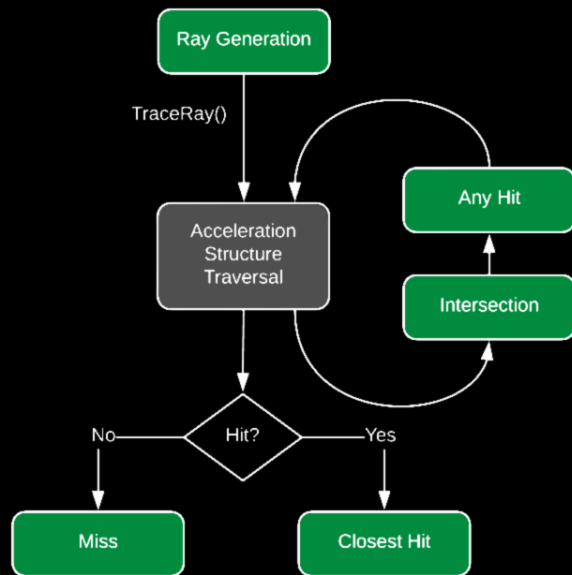
SSR, SSAO, Contact Shadows...



# DXR API



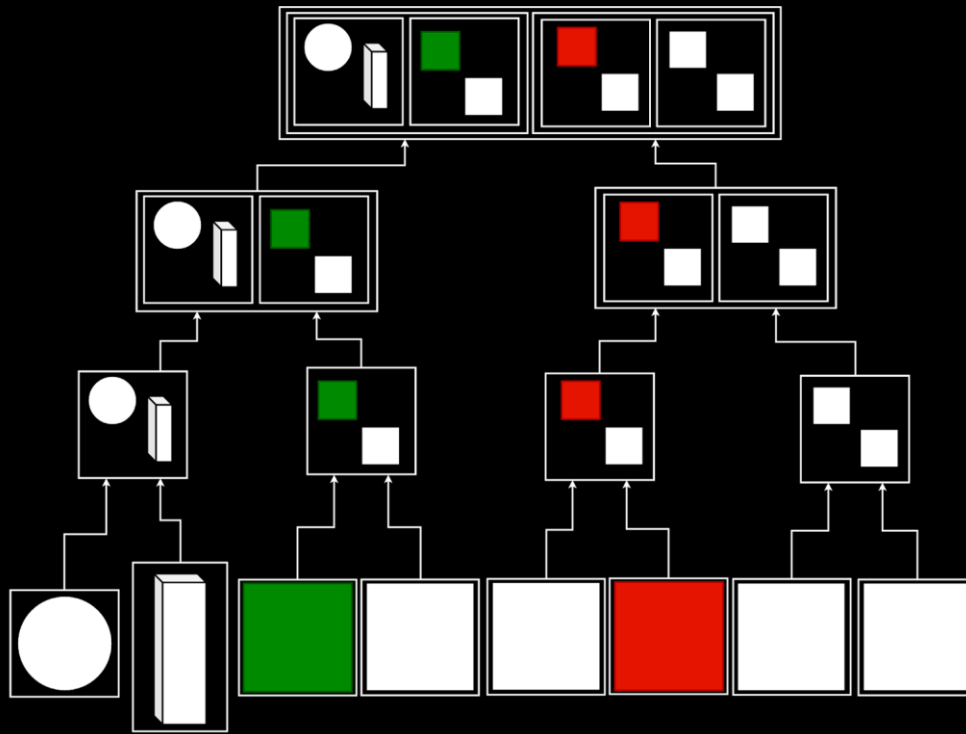
Ray Tracing Acceleration  
Structure



Ray Tracing Shader  
Pipeline

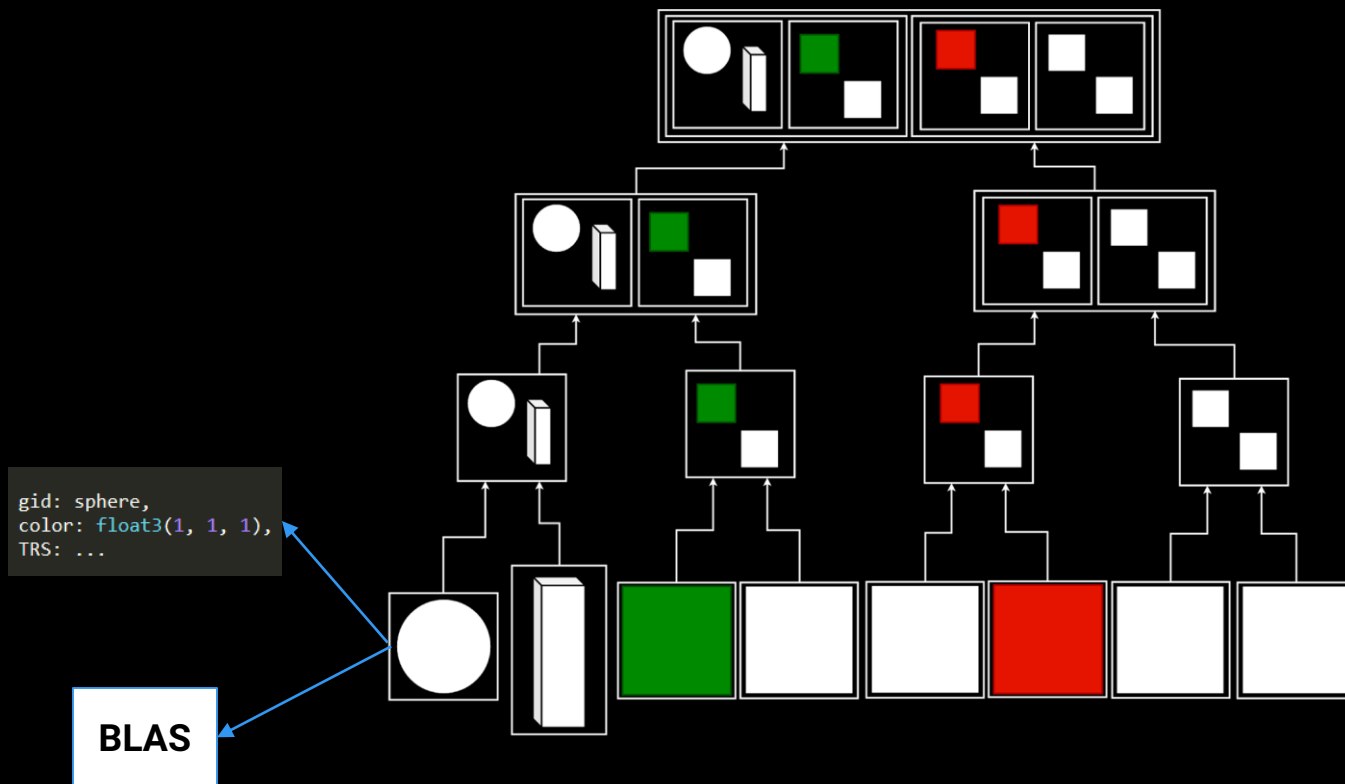


# Ray Tracing Acceleration Structure





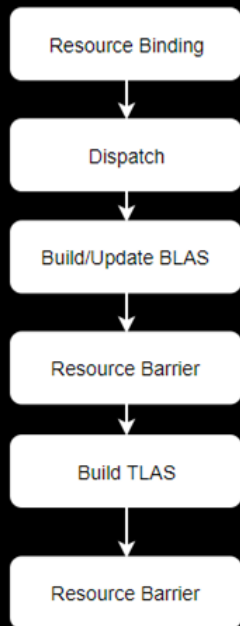
# Ray Tracing Acceleration Structure





# Hybrid Renderer Command List

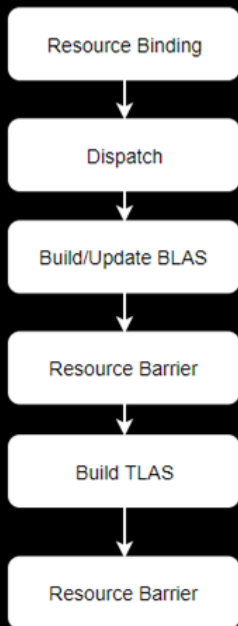
## GFX Render Queue



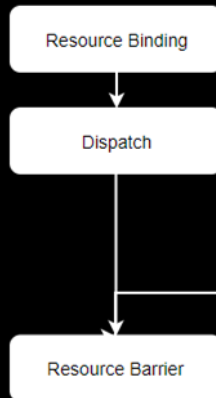


# Hybrid Renderer Command List

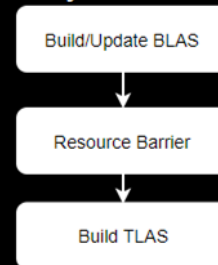
GFX Render Queue



GFX Render Queue



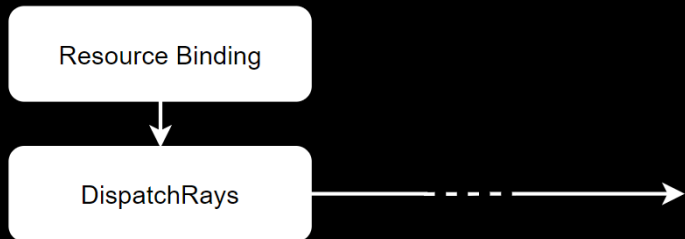
Async Queue





# Hybrid Renderer Command List

## GFX Render Queue

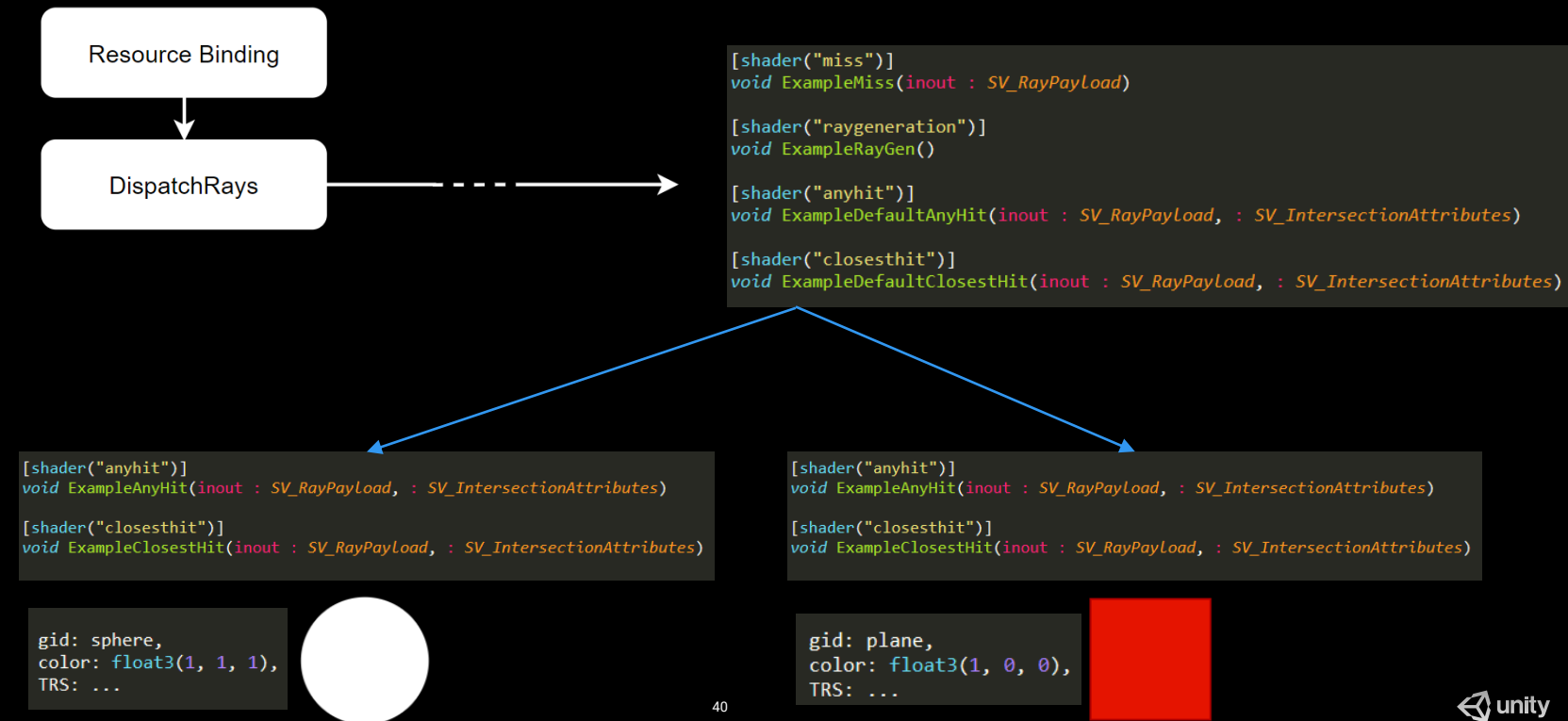


```
[shader("miss")]  
void ExampleMiss(inout : SV_RayPayload)  
  
[shader("raygeneration")]  
void ExampleRayGen()  
  
[shader("anyhit")]  
void ExampleDefaultAnyHit(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes)  
  
[shader("closesthit")]  
void ExampleDefaultClosestHit(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes)
```



# Hybrid Renderer Command List

## GFX Render Queue





# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```



# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```



# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```



# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```

```
#if USE_WAVE_INTRINSICS
#define LDS_SIZE (TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE) / WAVE_SIZE
#else
#define LDS_SIZE TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE
#endif

groupshared float gs_minMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
groupshared uint gs_maxMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
```



# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```

```
#if USE_WAVE_INTRINSICS
#define LDS_SIZE (TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE) / WAVE_SIZE
#else
#define LDS_SIZE TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE
#endif

groupshared float3s_minMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
groupshared uint3s_maxMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
```



# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```

```
#if USE_WAVE_INTRINSICS
#define LDS_SIZE (TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE) / WAVE_SIZE
#else
#define LDS_SIZE TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE
#endif

groupshared float3s_minMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
groupshared uint3s_maxMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
```

```
if (test.w == 0.0)
    return _MainTex.Sample(sampler_MainTex, i.texcoordStereo);
```



# Missing Features

```
float GeometricNormalVariance(float3 geometricNormalWS, float screenSpaceVariance)
{
    float3 deltaU = ddx(geometricNormalWS);
    float3 deltaV = ddy(geometricNormalWS);

    return screenSpaceVariance * (dot(deltaU, deltaU) + dot(deltaV, deltaV));
}
```

```
#if USE_WAVE_INTRINSICS
#define LDS_SIZE (TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE) / WAVE_SIZE
#else
#define LDS_SIZE TILE_SIZE * TILE_SIZE
#endif

groupshared float3s_minMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
groupshared uint3s_maxMotionVec[LDS_SIZE];
```

```
if (test.w == 0.0)
    return _MainTex.Sample(sampler_MainTex, i.texcoordStereo);
```



# Surface vs Effect Type Shaders

```
SubShader
{
    Pass
    {
        Name "GBuffer"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, OUTPUT_GBUFFER(outGBuffer));
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "ShadowCaster"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, out float outputDepth : SV_Depth);
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "DepthOnly"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, out float outputDepth : SV_Depth);
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "MotionVectors"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, out float4 outMotionVector : SV_Target0);
    }
}
```



# Surface vs Effect Type Shaders

```
SubShader
{
    Pass
    {
        Name "GBuffer"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, OUTPUT_GBUFFER(outGBuffer));
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "ShadowCaster"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, out float outputDepth : SV_Depth);
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "DepthOnly"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, out float outputDepth : SV_Depth);
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "MotionVectors"
        PackedVaryingsType Vert(AttributesMesh inputMesh);
        void Frag(PackedVaryingsToPS packedInput, out float4 outMotionVector : SV_Target0);
    }
}
```

```
SubShader
{
    Pass
    {
        Name "IndirectDXR"

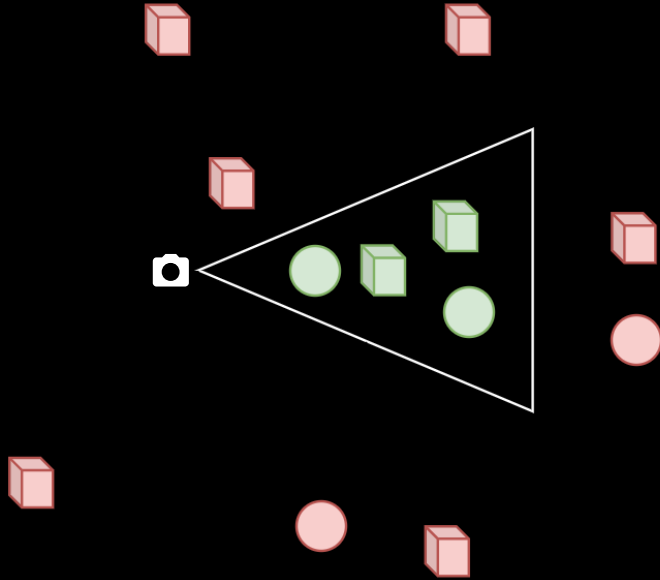
        [shader("closesthit")]
        void ClosestHitIndirect(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes);
        [shader("anyhit")]
        void AnyHitIndirect(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes);
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "ForwardDXR"
        [shader("closesthit")]
        void ClosestHitForward(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes);
        [shader("anyhit")]
        void AnyHitForward(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes);
    }

    Pass
    {
        Name "VisibilityDXR"
        [shader("anyhit")]
        void AnyHitVisibility(inout : SV_RayPayload, : SV_IntersectionAttributes);
    }
}
```

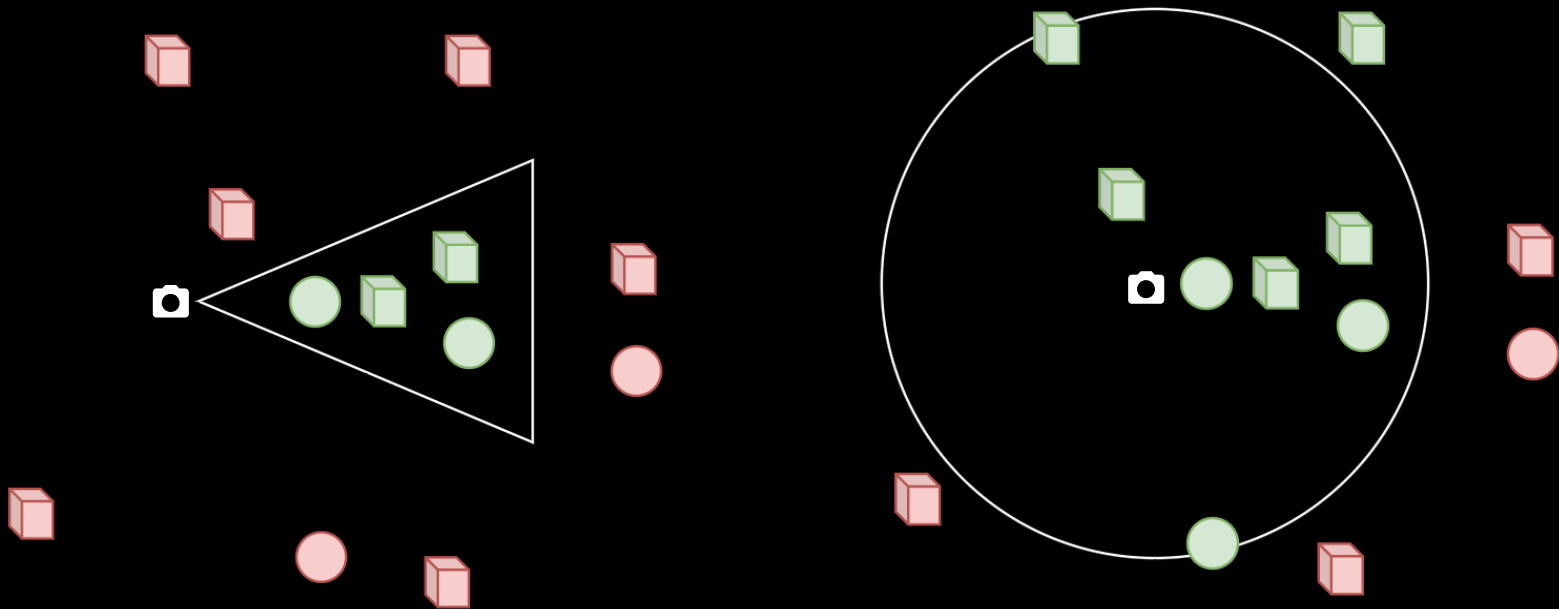


# Frustum Culling vs Volume Culling



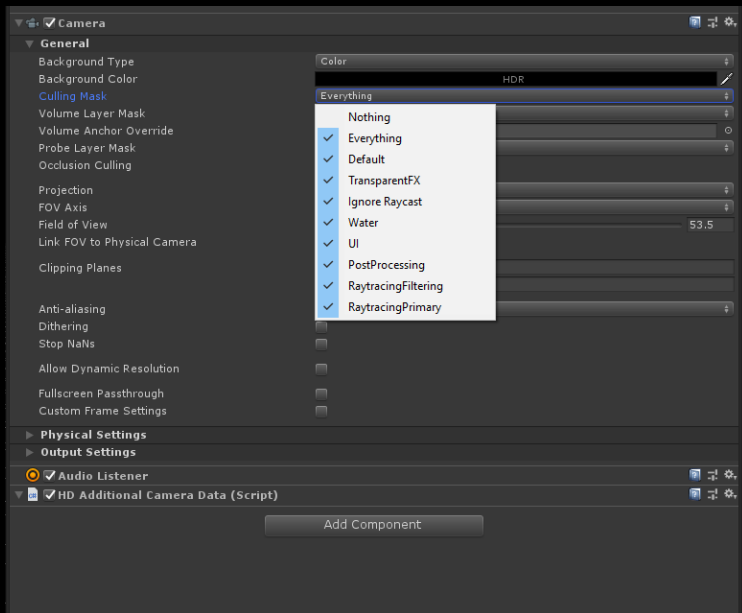


# Frustum Culling vs Volume Culling



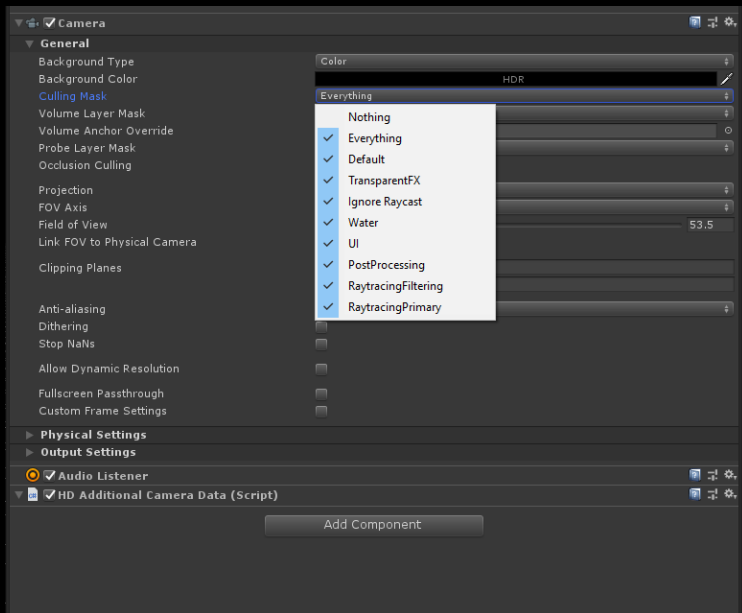


# Camera Filtering vs Per Effect Filtering



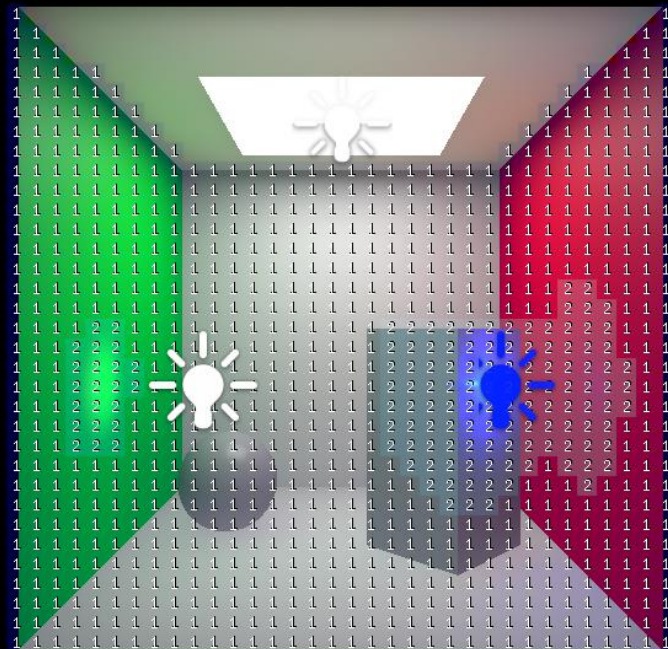
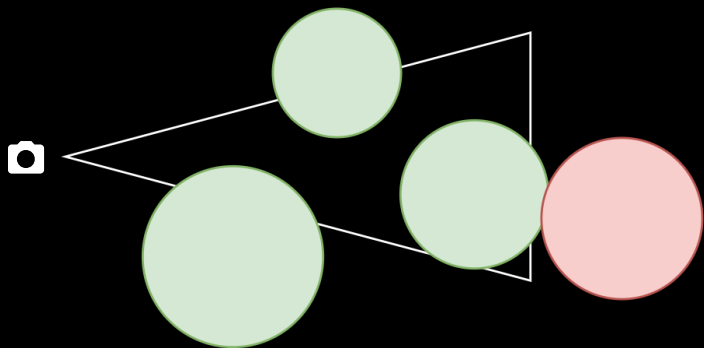


# Camera Filtering vs Per Effect Filtering



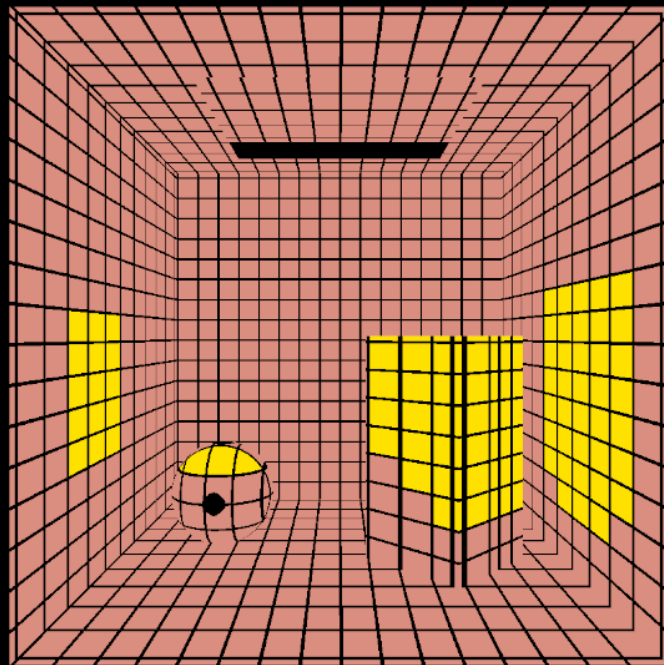
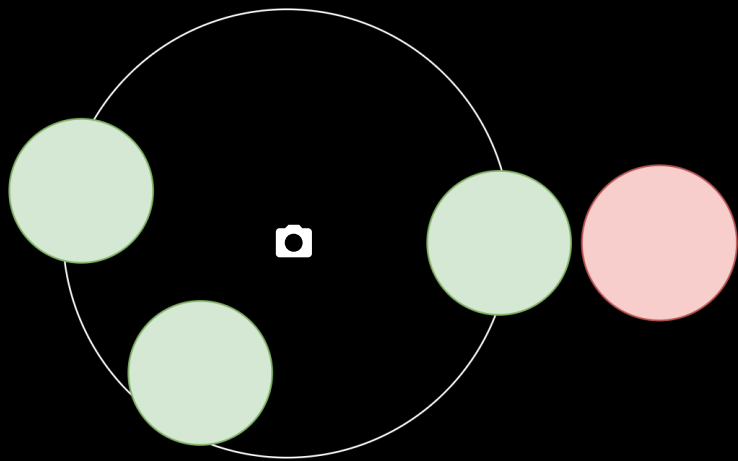


# Tiled Lighting



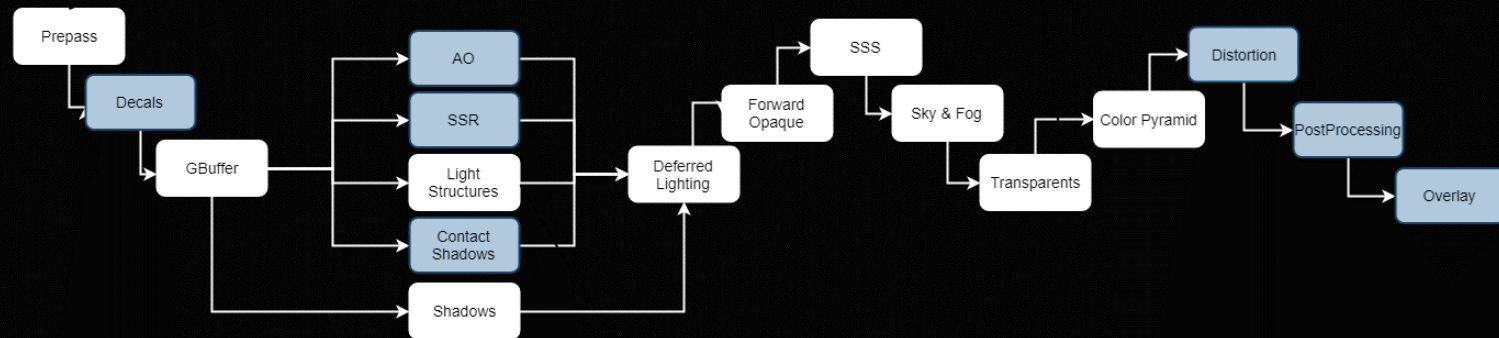


# Cluster Lighting





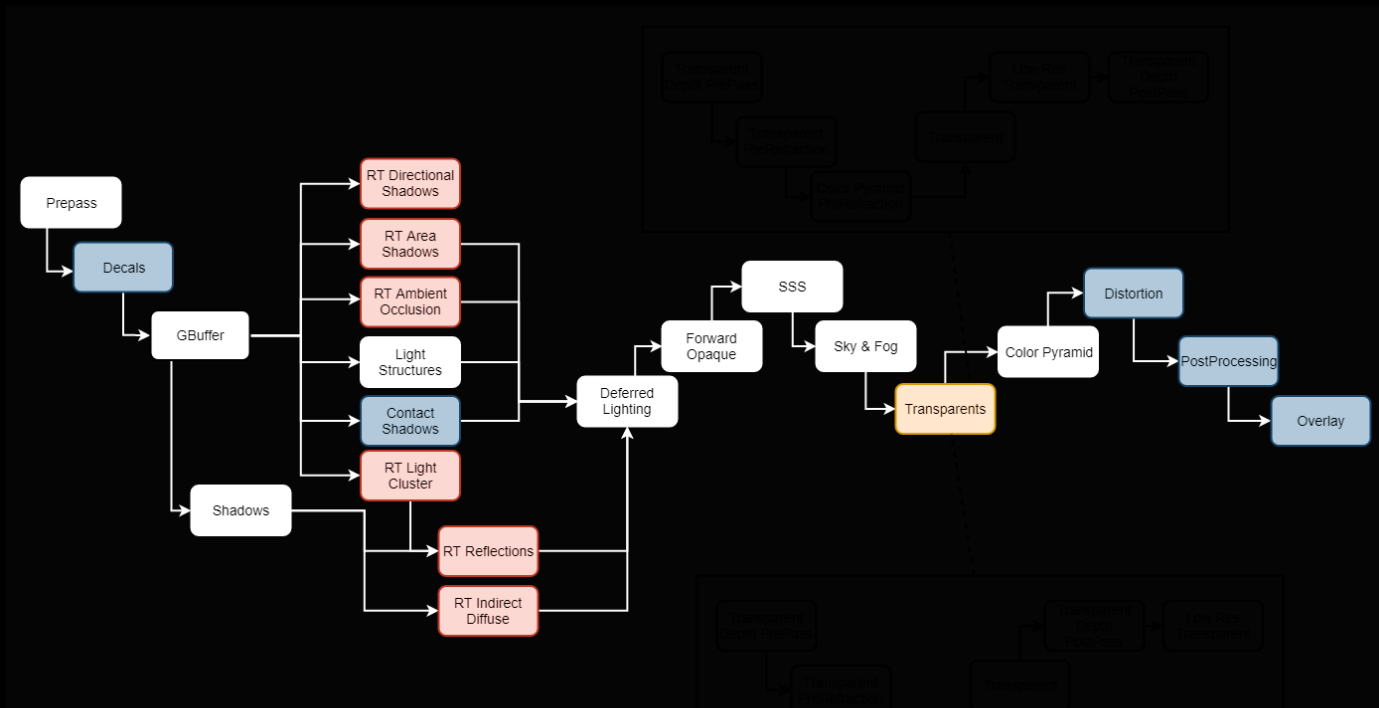
# Render Graph - Deferred/Forward



HDRP's hybrid deferred/forward render graph



# Hybrid Render Graph



HDRP's hybrid rasterization/ray tracing render graph



# Hybrid Pipeline

$$L_o(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) = L_e(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\mathbf{x}, \omega_i, \omega_o, \lambda, t) L_i(\mathbf{x}, \omega_i, \lambda, t) (\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i$$

- Blue solved using an integrator (path tracer, photon mapper, etc.)
- Needs to be rephrased for our hybrid approach



# Hybrid Pipeline

$$L_o(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) = \boxed{L_e(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) + L_{direct}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t)} + \boxed{L_{indirect}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t)}$$

- Red evaluated using rasterization (almost)
- Blue evaluated using rasterization or raytracing



# Hybrid Pipeline

$$L_{indirect}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) = L_{specular}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) + L_{diffuse}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t)$$

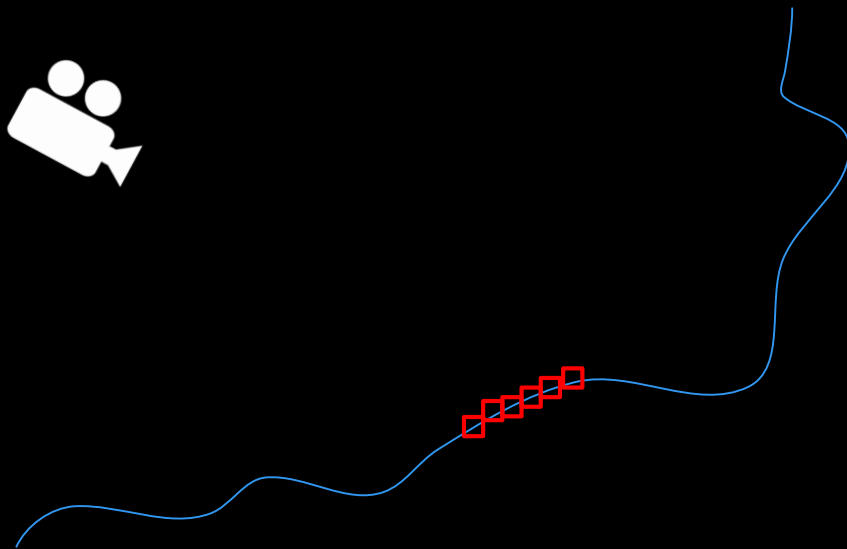
$$L_{indirect\ specular} \approx \int_{\Omega} \frac{F G D}{4(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})(\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n})} L_{indirect}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i$$

$$L_{indirect\ diffuse} \approx \int_{\Omega} \frac{\rho}{\pi} L_{indirect}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i$$

- Indirect specular is approximated as an Isotropic GGX lobe
- Indirect diffuse is approximates as a Lambert lobe
- Ambient occlusion affect indirect diffuse or both



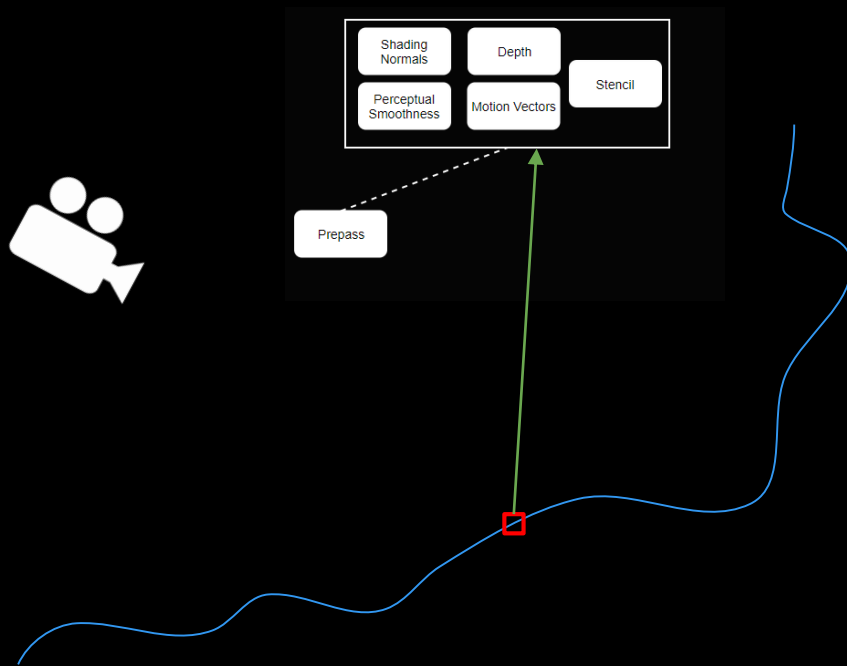
# Ray Generation



Depth Buffer



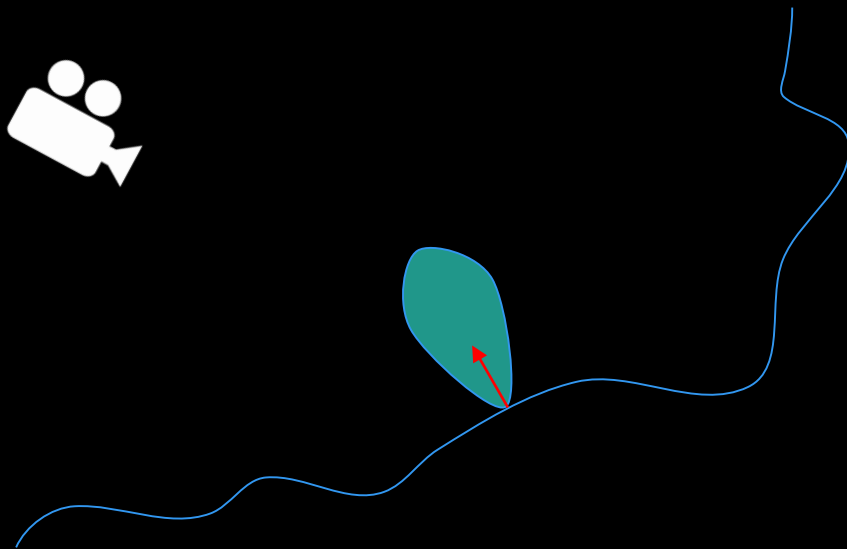
# Ray Generation



Depth Buffer



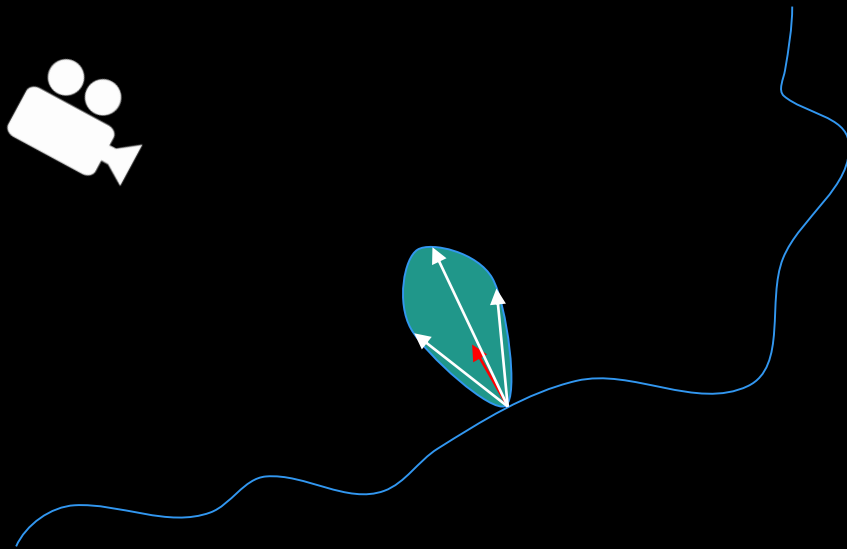
# Ray Generation



Depth Buffer



# Ray Generation



Depth Buffer



# Sampling Based Integration

- Our budget is 1 spp per effect per frame (or less)
- We use spatio-temporal reprojection/accumulation to increase the coverage
  - Spatial coverage improved by “*Blue-noise Dithered Sampling*” [Georgiev and Fajardo 2016]
  - Temporal coverage improved by iterating over a Sobol sequence



# Sampling Based Integration

```
uint2 ScramblingValue(uint i, uint j)
{
    i = i % 256;
    j = j % 256;
    return clamp((uint2)(_ScramblingTexture[uint2(i, j)] * 256.0f), uint2(0,0), uint2(255, 255));
}

float GetRaytracingNoiseSample(uint sampleIndex, uint sampleDimension, uint scramblingValue)
{
    // Make sure arguments are in the right range
    sampleIndex = sampleIndex % 256;
    sampleDimension = sampleDimension % 4;

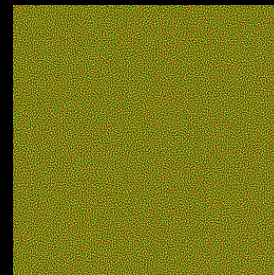
    // Fetch the matching Value sequence
    uint value = clamp((uint)(_OwenScrambledTexture[uint2(sampleIndex, 0)][sampleDimension] * 256.0f), 0, 255);

    // Scramble the value
    value = value ^ scramblingValue;

    // convert to float and return
    float v = (0.5f + value) / 256.0f;
    return v;
}
```



Owen Scrambled Sobol Sequence  
256x1x4



Scrambling Tile 256x256x2



# Indirect Specular





# Indirect Specular

$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \int_{\Omega} \frac{F G D}{4(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})(\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n})} L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i$$



# Indirect Specular

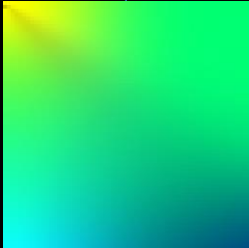
$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \int_{\Omega} \frac{F G D}{4(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})(\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n})} L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i$$

$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \text{specular} F G D \int_{\Omega} \frac{(\mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{n})^D}{4(\mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{n})} L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i *$$



# Indirect Specular

$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \int_{\Omega} \frac{F G D}{4(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})(\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n})} L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i$$

$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \text{specular} F G D \int_{\Omega} \frac{(\mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{n})^D}{4(\mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{n})} L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega_i *$$




# Indirect Specular

$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \int_{\Omega} \boxed{\frac{F G D}{4(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})(\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n})}} \boxed{L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})} d\omega_i$$

$$L_{\text{indirect specular}} \approx \boxed{\text{specular} F G D} \int_{\Omega} \boxed{\frac{(\mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{n}) D}{4(\mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{n})}} \boxed{L_{\text{indirect}}(\omega_i \cdot \mathbf{n})} d\omega_i *$$

- Split Sum approximation [Karis 2013] is useful for variance reduction
- Blue is precomputed
- Red evaluated with rasterization or ray tracing

*Real Shading in Unreal Engine 4 (Brian Karis)*



# Indirect Specular



Small office scene rendered with ray traced indirect specular



# Indirect Specular



Variable Smoothness

Ray traced indirect specular term



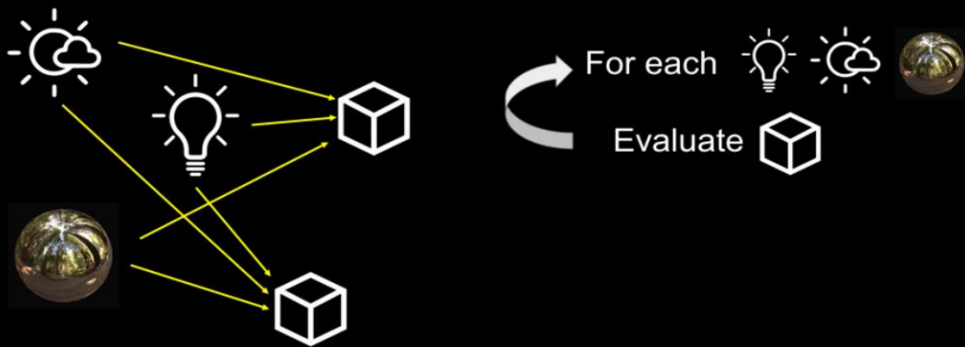
# Indirect Specular



Ray traced indirect specular term

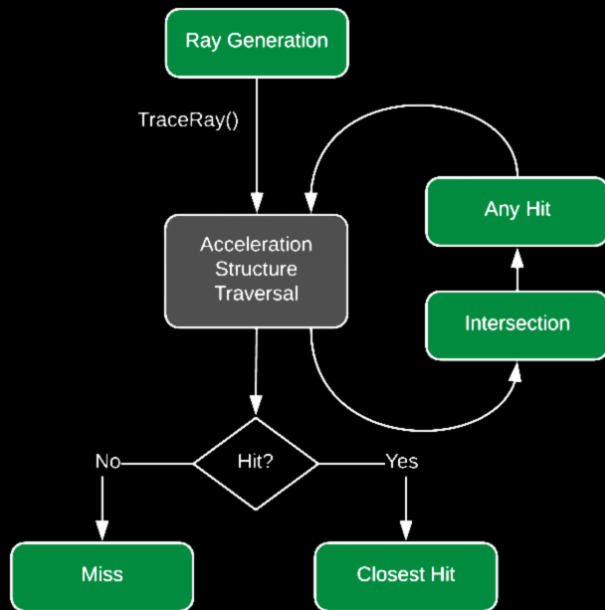


# Indirect Specular



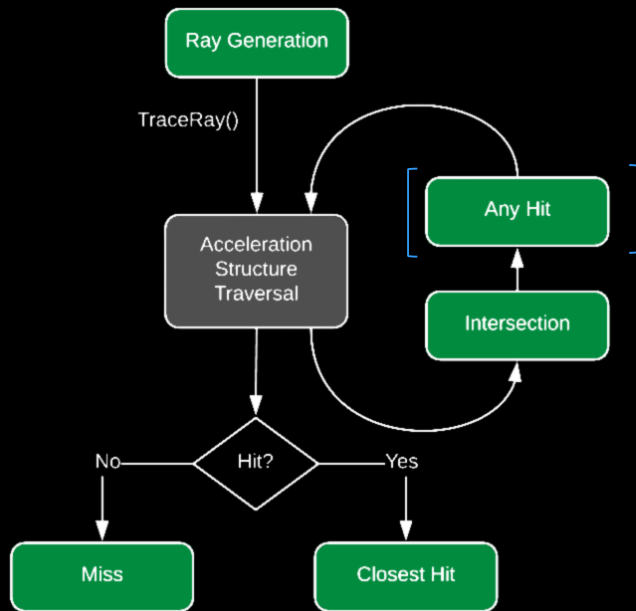


# Indirect Specular



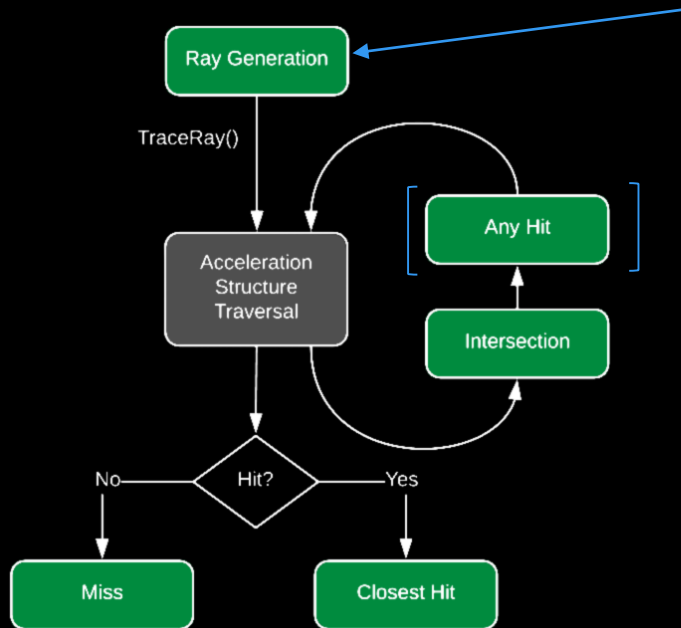


# Indirect Specular





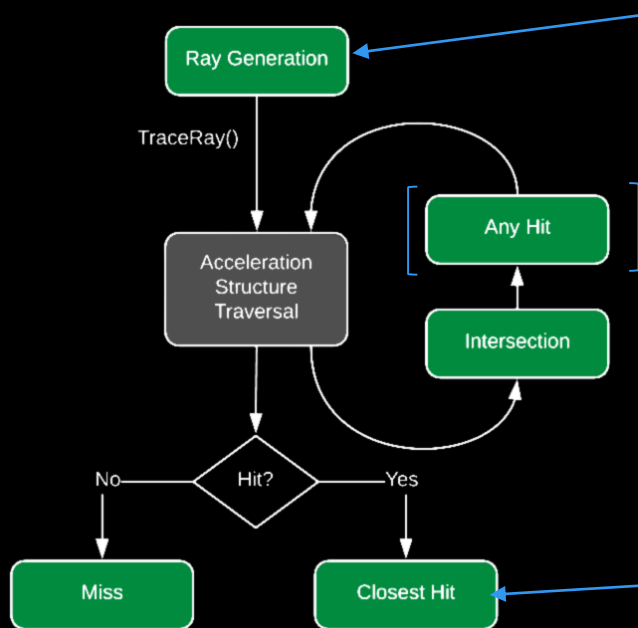
# Indirect Specular



```
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)
{
    newRay = GenerateRay();
    TraceRay(newRay);
    totallighting += newRay.lighting;
}
finalColor = totallighting / (numSamples);
```



# Indirect Specular



```
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)
{
    newRay = GenerateRay();
    TraceRay(newRay);
    totallighting += newRay.lighting;
}
finalColor = totallighting / (numSamples);
```

```
for(int lightIdx = 0; lightIdx < numLights; ++lightIdx)
{
    totallighting += EvaluateLighting();
}
```



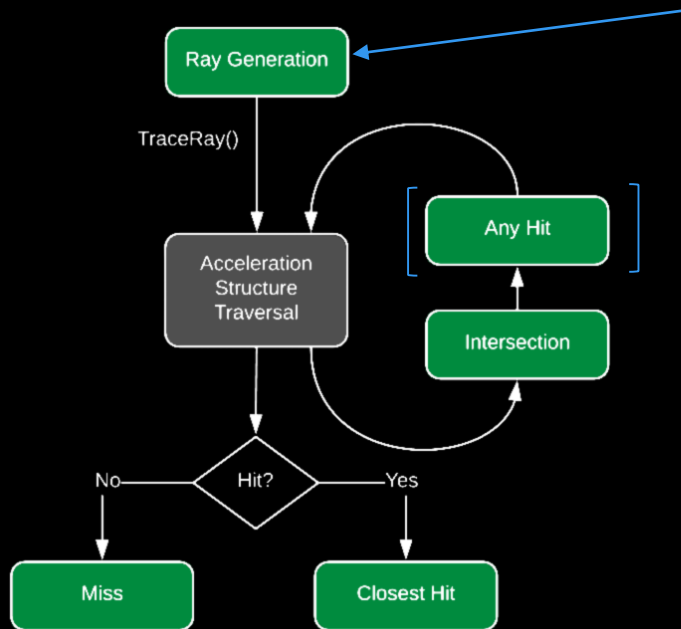
# Indirect Specular

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





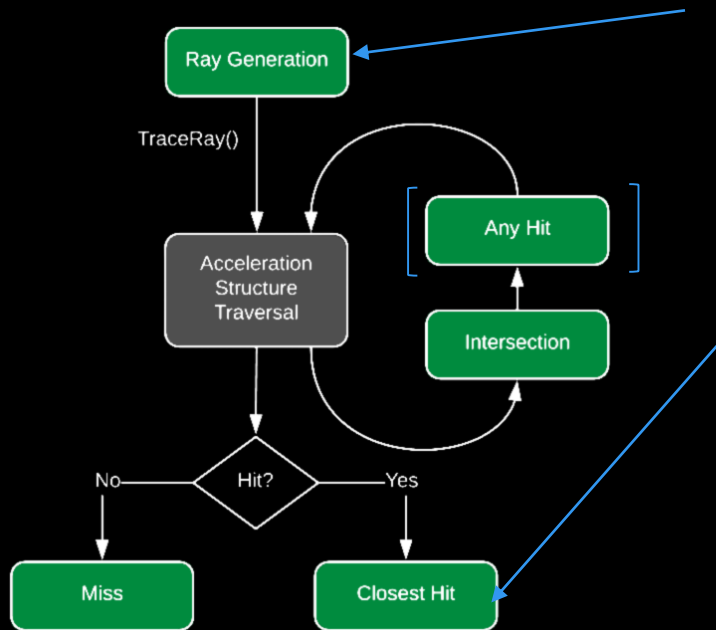
# Indirect Specular



```
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)
{
    newRay = GenerateRay();
    TraceRay(newRay);
    totallighting += LightLoop(newRay.gbuffer0, newRay.gbuffer1,...);
}
finalColor = totallighting / (numSamples);
```



# Indirect Specular



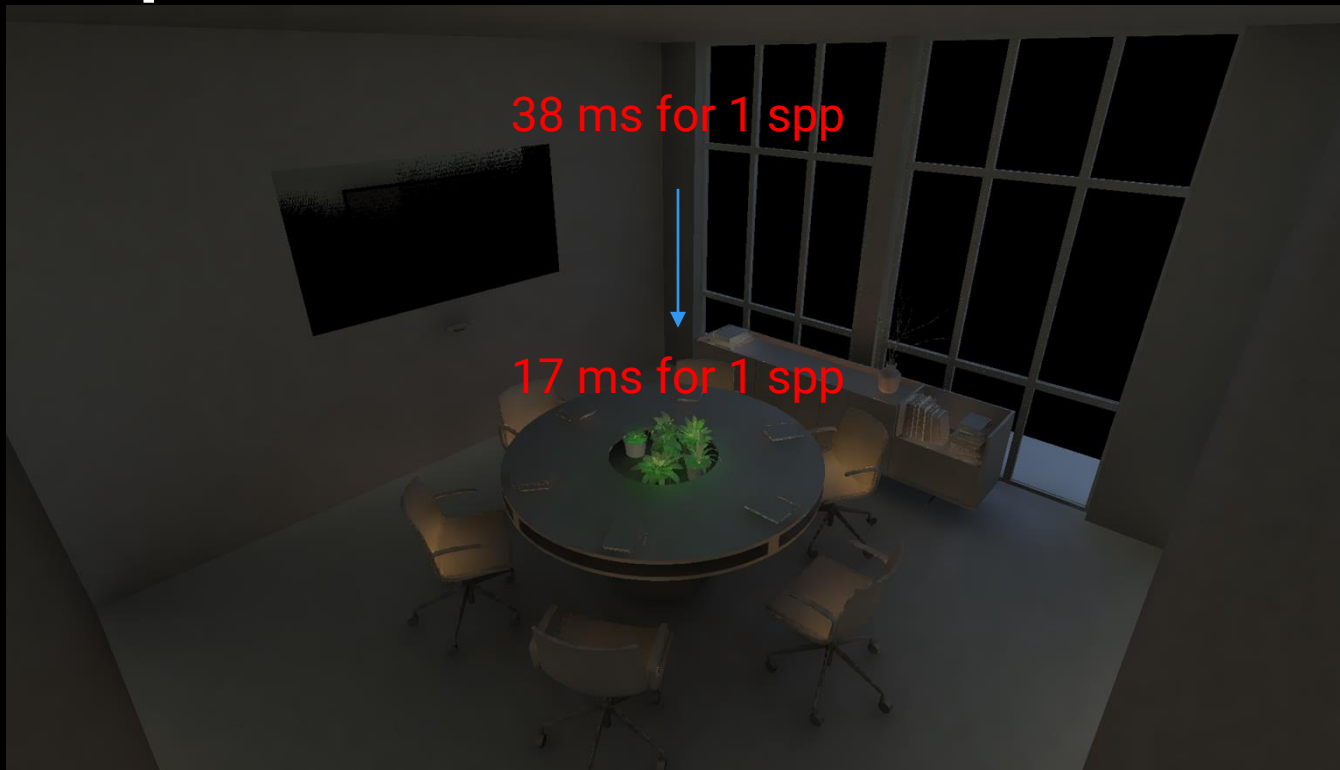
```
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)
{
    newRay = GenerateRay();
    TraceRay(newRay);
    totallighting += LightLoop(newRay.gbuffer0, newRay.gbuffer1,...);
}
finalColor = totallighting / (numSamples);
```

```
currentRay.gbuffer0 = ...
currentRay.gbuffer1 = ...
currentRay.gbuffer2 = ...
currentRay.gbuffer3 = ...
```



# Indirect Specular

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





# Indirect Specular

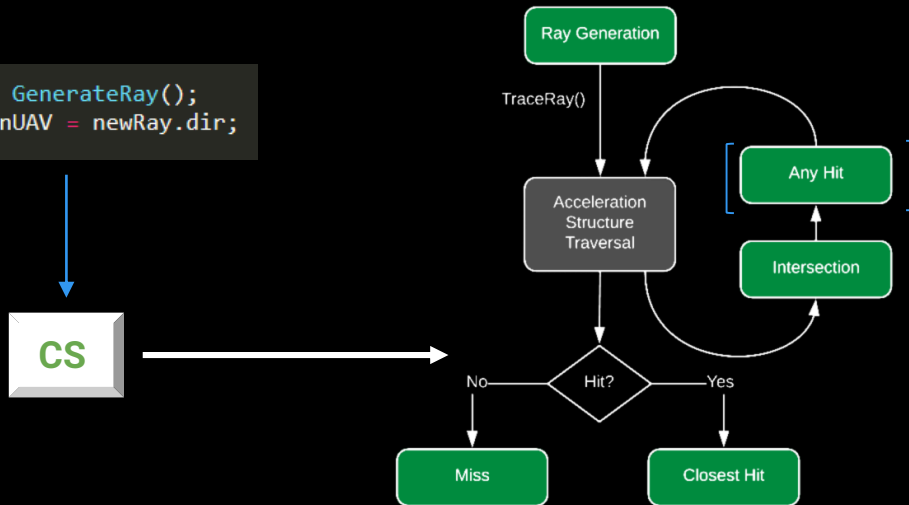
```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```





# Indirect Specular

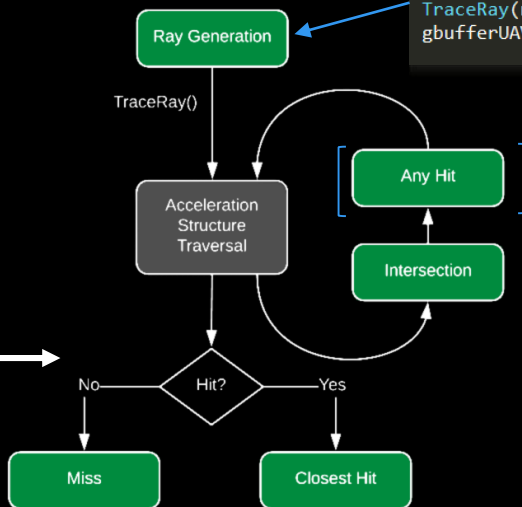
```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```





# Indirect Specular

```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```

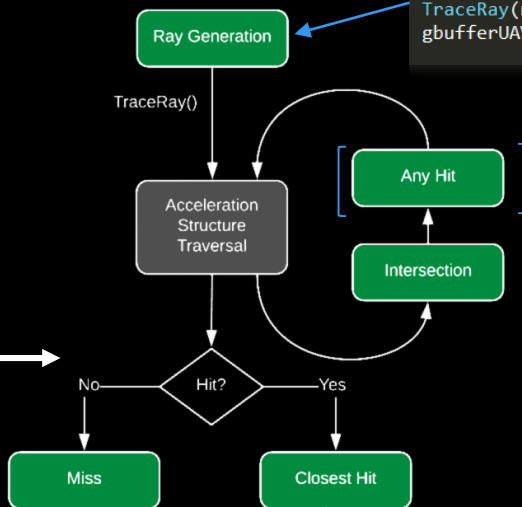


```
newRay.dir = directionUAV;  
newRay.origin = readPosition(DepthBuffer);  
TraceRay(newRay);  
gbufferUAVS = newRay.gbuffer0_1_2_3;
```



# Indirect Specular

```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```

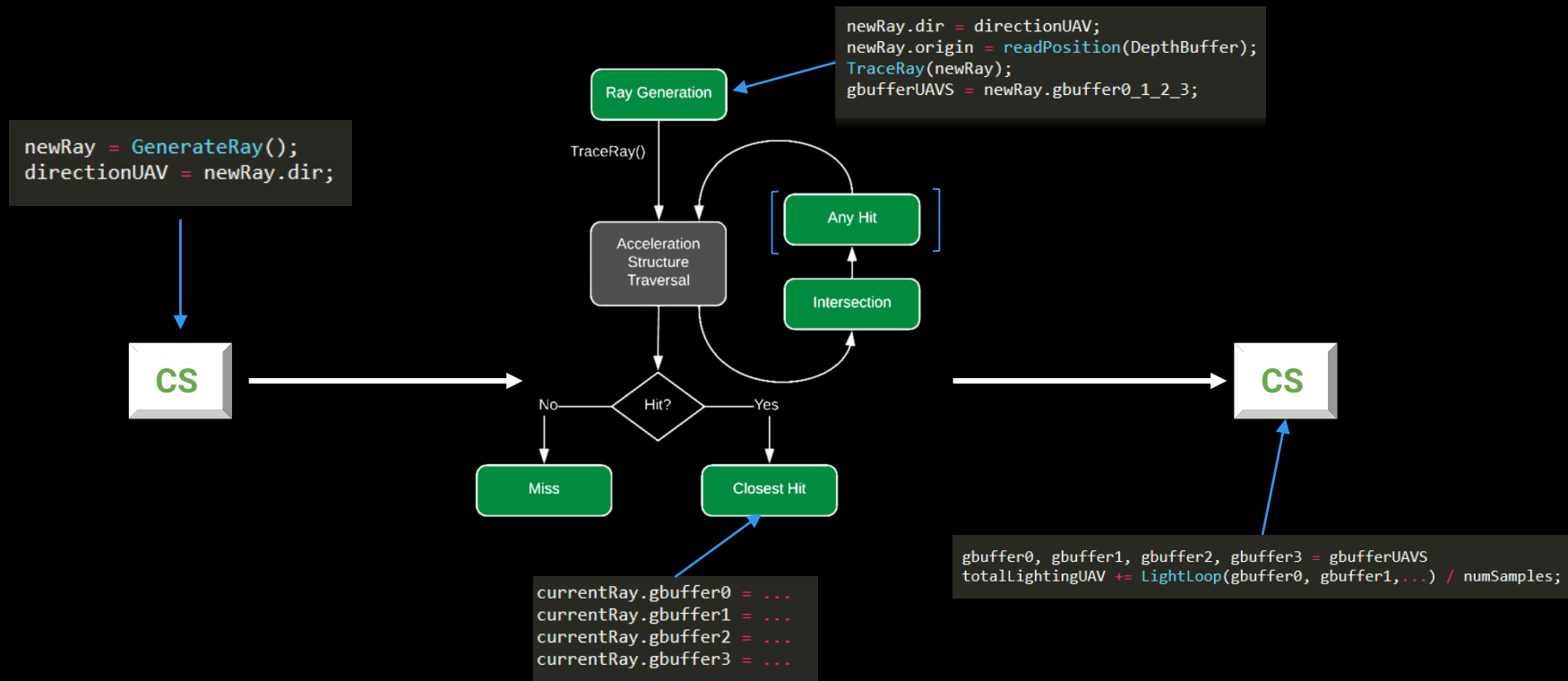


```
newRay.dir = directionUAV;  
newRay.origin = readPosition(DepthBuffer);  
TraceRay(newRay);  
gbufferUAVS = newRay.gbuffer0_1_2_3;
```

```
currentRay.gbuffer0 = ...  
currentRay.gbuffer1 = ...  
currentRay.gbuffer2 = ...  
currentRay.gbuffer3 = ...
```



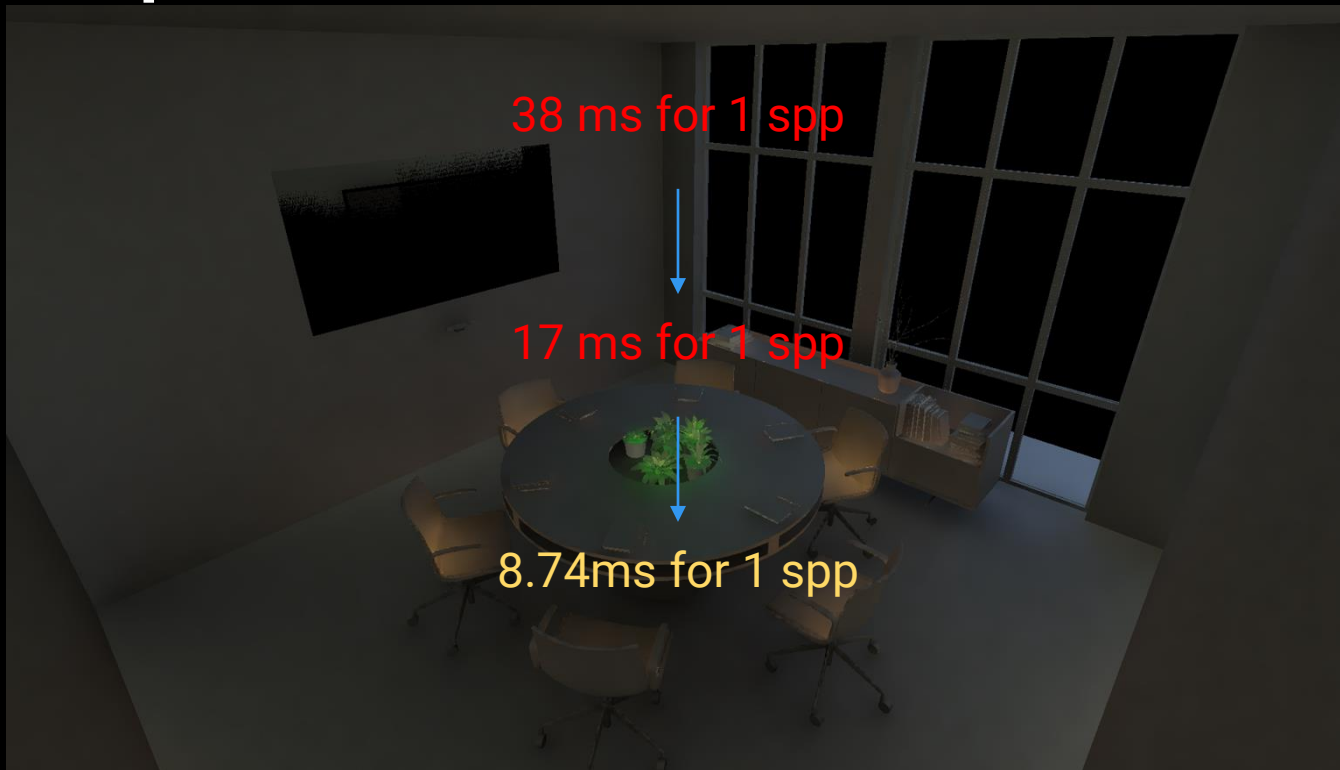
# Indirect Specular





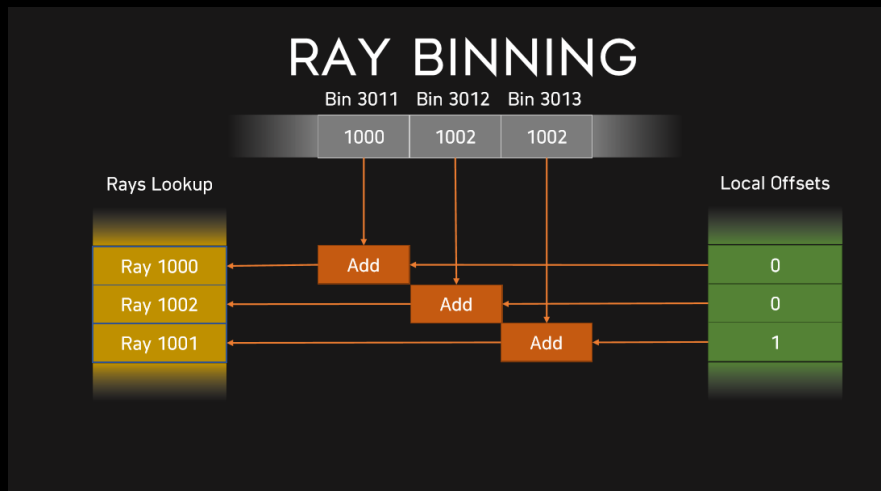
# Indirect Specular

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





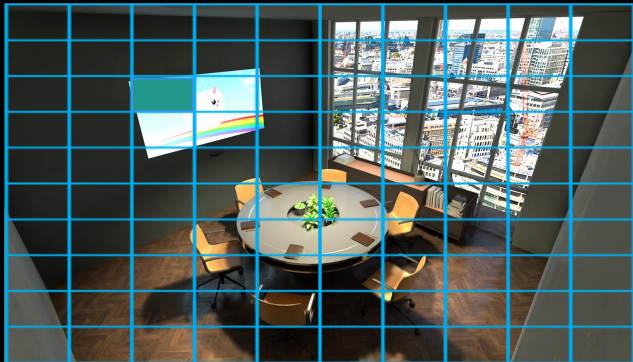
# Ray Binning



*"It Just Works": Ray-Traced Reflections in 'Battlefield V'*  
*Johannes Deligiannis Jan Schmid EA DICE*



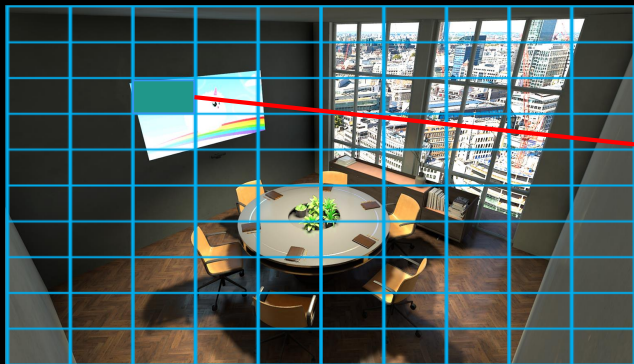
# Ray Binning



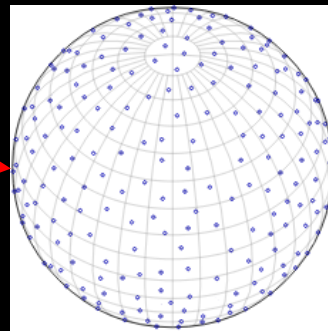
*Screen tiles of 32x32 pixels for  
binning*



# Ray Binning



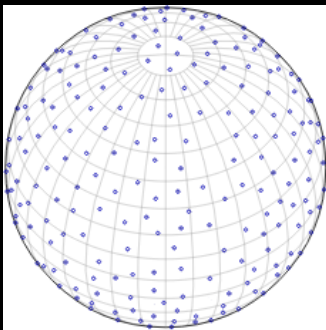
*Screen tiles of 32x32 pixels for  
binning*



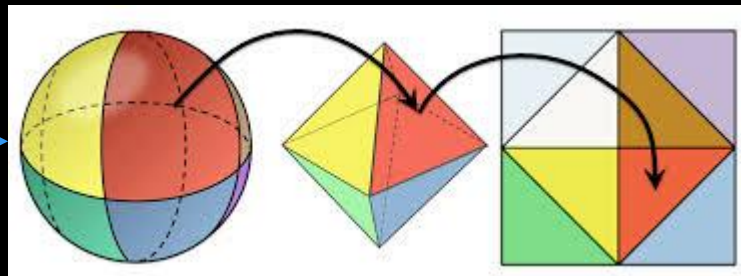
*Generated rays in the unit  
sphere for a tile*



# Ray Binning



*Generated rays in the unit sphere for a tile*



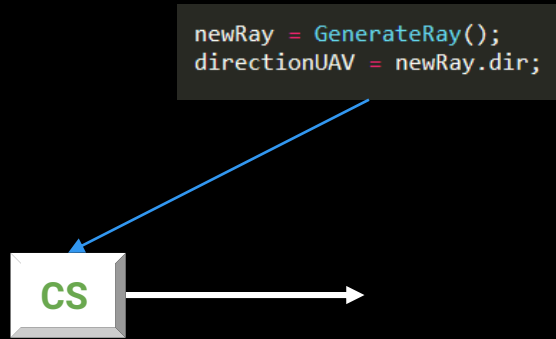
*Octahedral space for ray direction binning*



# Indirect Specular



# Indirect Specular





# Indirect Specular

```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```



```
rayBinIndex = GetRayBinIndex(directionUAV);  
atomic_add(lds[rayBinIndex]);  
barrier();  
ComputePixelOffsets();  
barrier();  
binResultUAV = offset;
```



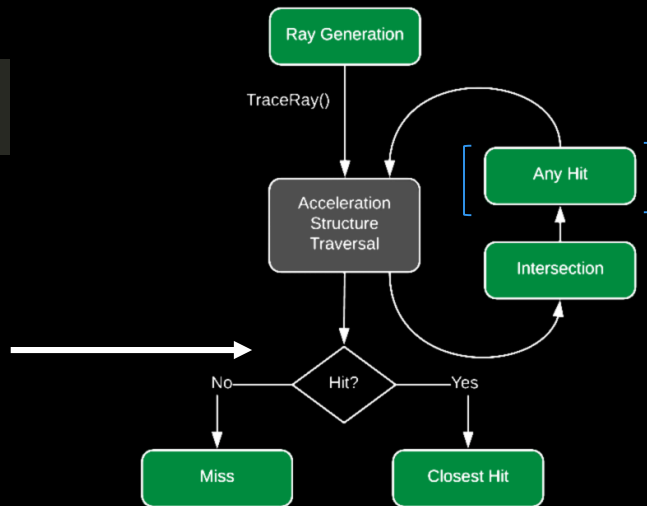
# Indirect Specular

```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```

CS

CS

```
rayBinIndex = GetRayBinIndex(directionUAV);  
atomic_add(lds[rayBinIndex]);  
barrier();  
ComputePixelOffsets();  
barrier();  
binResultUAV = offset;
```





# Indirect Specular

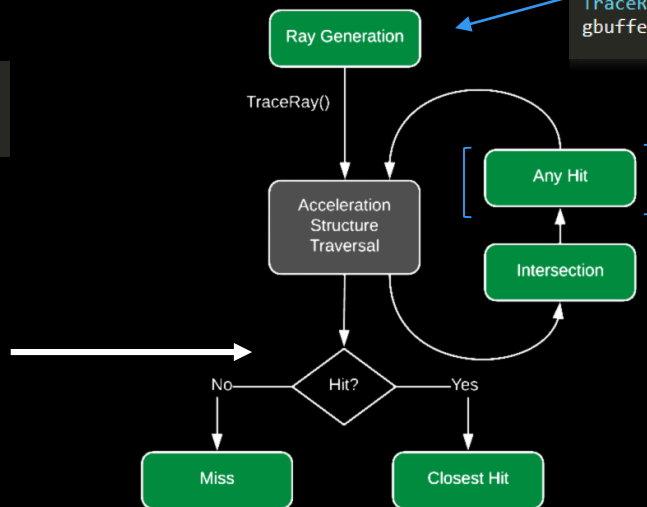
```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```

CS

CS

```
rayBinIndex = GetRayBinIndex(directionUAV);  
atomic_add(lds[rayBinIndex]);  
barrier();  
ComputePixelOffsets();  
barrier();  
binResultUAV = offset;
```

```
newRay.dir = directionUAV;  
newRay.origin = readPosition(DepthBuffer);  
TraceRay(newRay);  
gbufferUAVS = newRay.gbuffer0_1_2_3;
```





# Indirect Specular

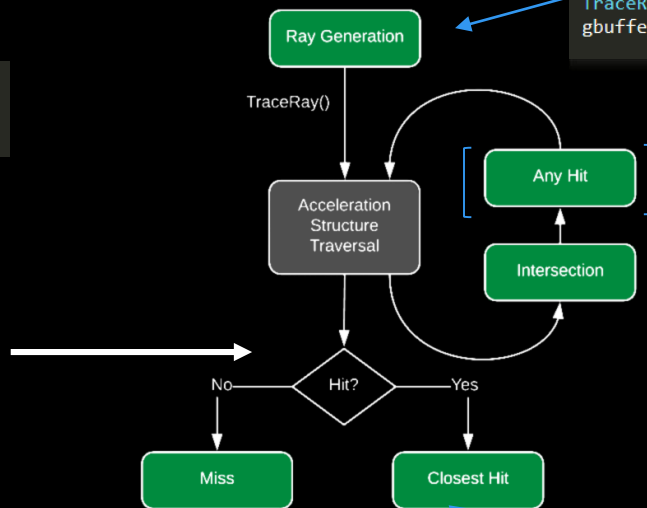
```
newRay = GenerateRay();  
directionUAV = newRay.dir;
```

CS

CS

```
rayBinIndex = GetRayBinIndex(directionUAV);  
atomic_add(lds[rayBinIndex]);  
barrier();  
ComputePixelOffsets();  
barrier();  
binResultUAV = offset;
```

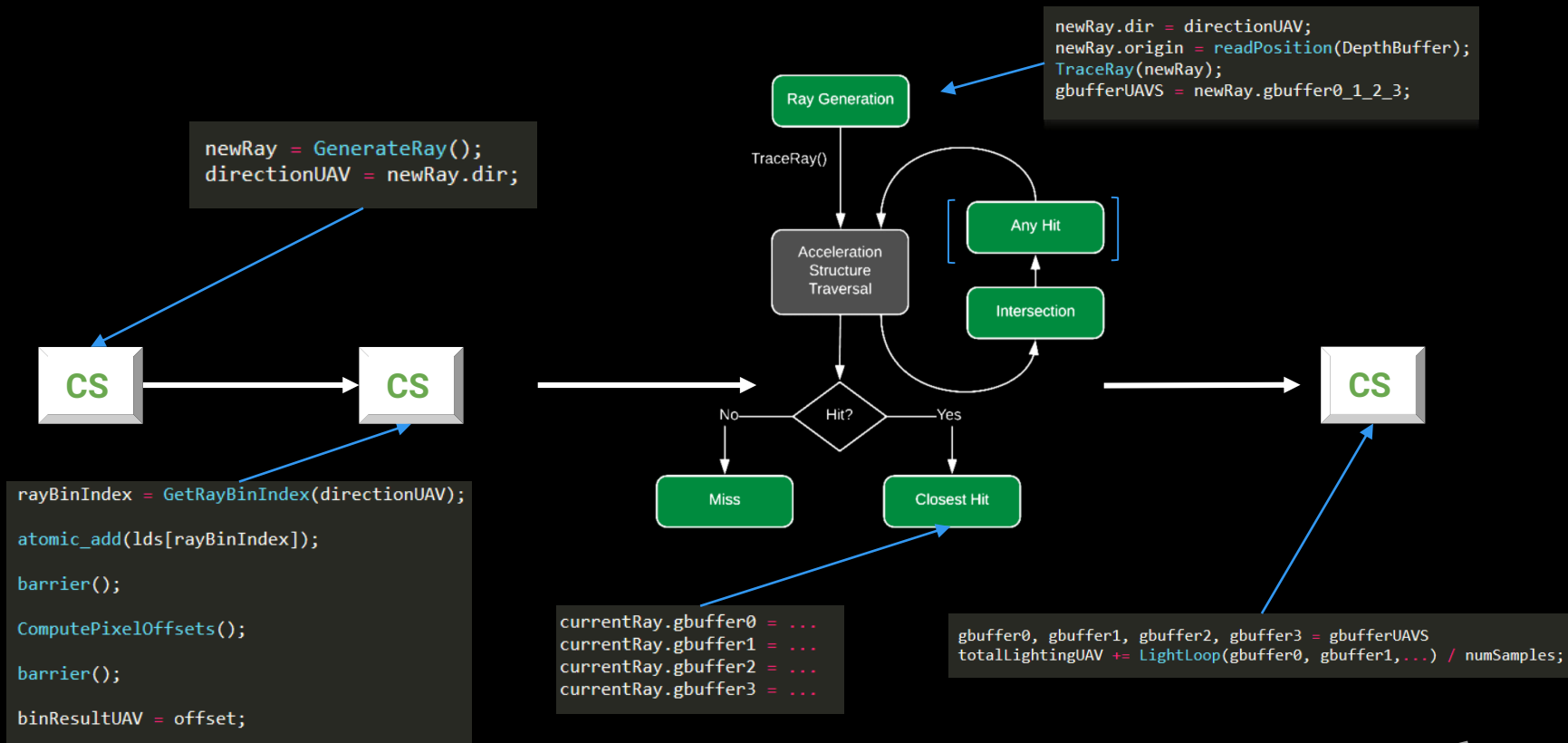
```
newRay.dir = directionUAV;  
newRay.origin = readPosition(DepthBuffer);  
TraceRay(newRay);  
gbufferUAVS = newRay.gbuffer0_1_2_3;
```



```
currentRay.gbuffer0 = ...  
currentRay.gbuffer1 = ...  
currentRay.gbuffer2 = ...  
currentRay.gbuffer3 = ...
```



# Indirect Specular





# Indirect Specular

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





# Indirect Specular



Variable Smoothness (Min Smoothness = 0.6)



# Indirect Specular

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





# Indirect Specular – Additional compromises





# Area Shadow





# Area Shadow

$$L_o(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) = L_e(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t) + \boxed{L_{direct}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t)} + L_{indirect}(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o, \lambda, t)$$


$$L_o = \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i \cdot V d\omega$$



# Area Shadow

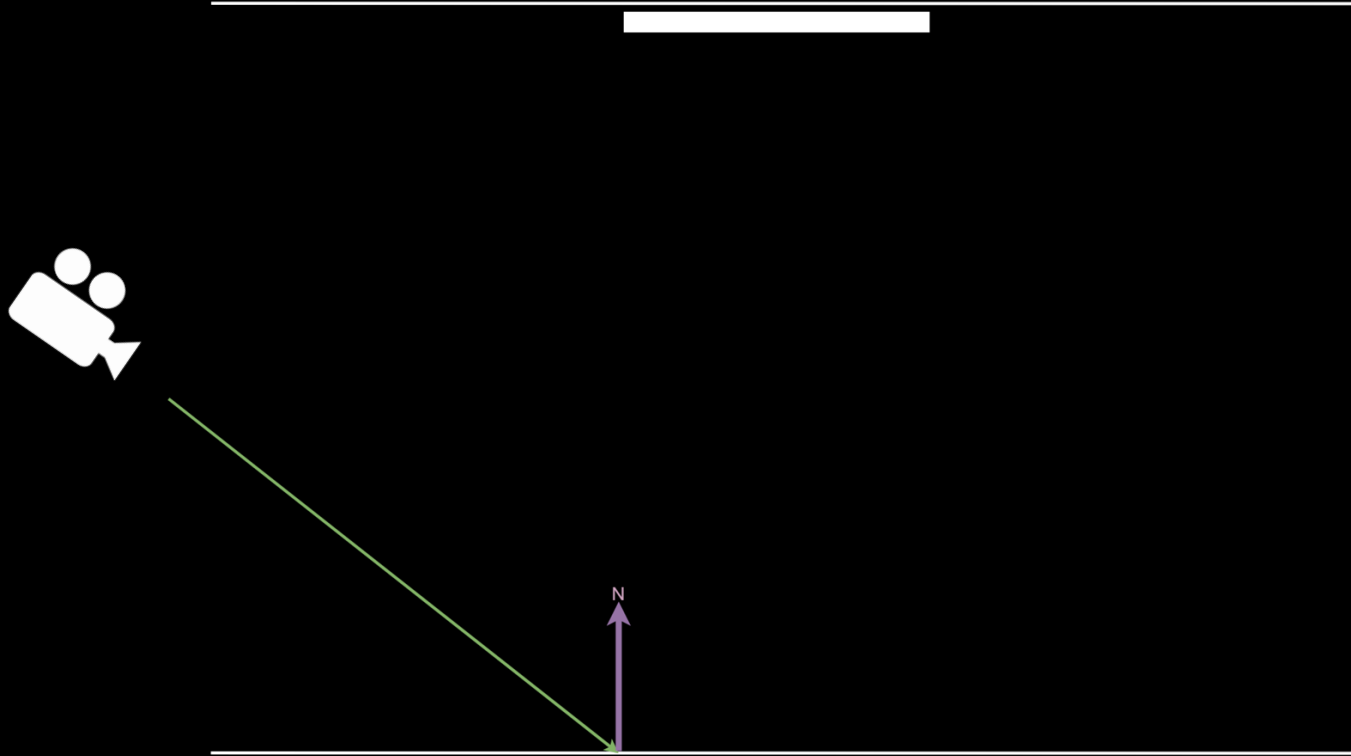
$$L_o = \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i \cdot V d\omega$$



*Sponza Scene - Reference*

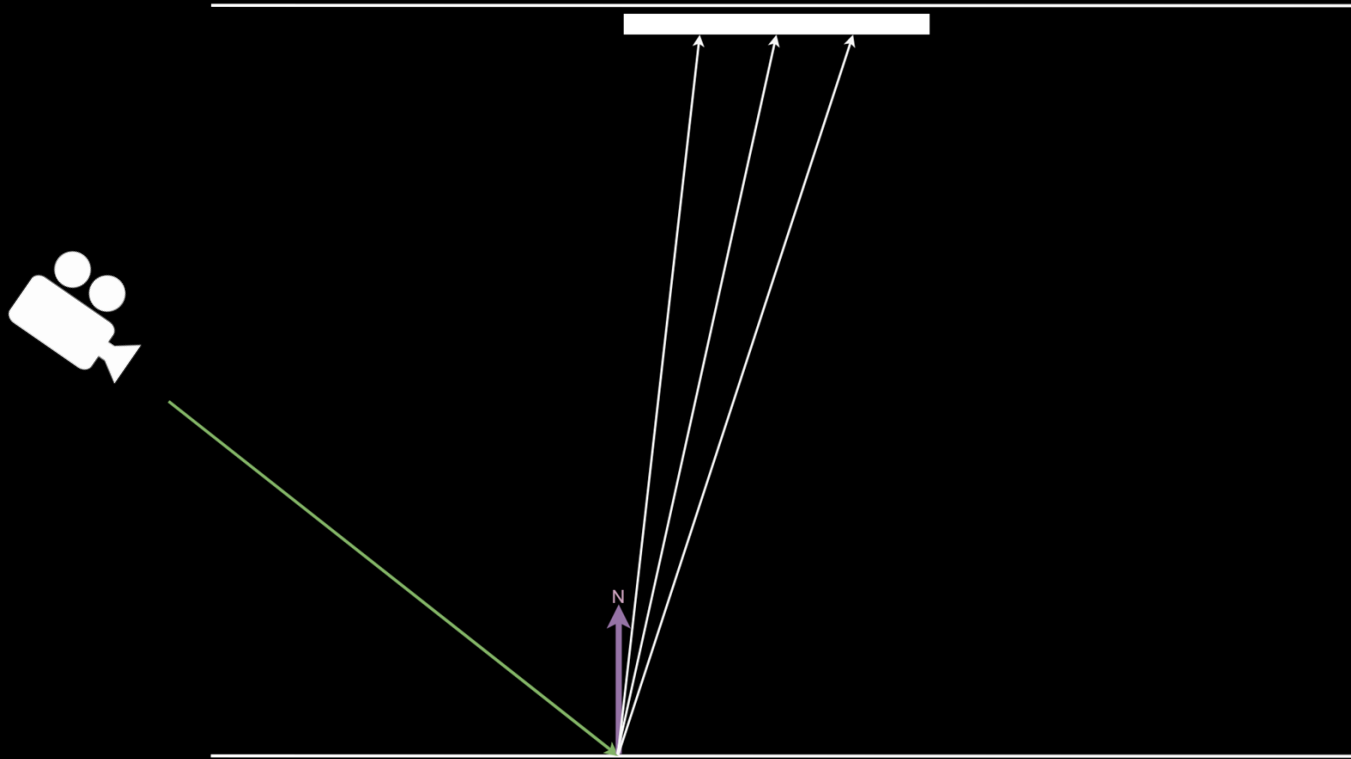


# Area Shadow



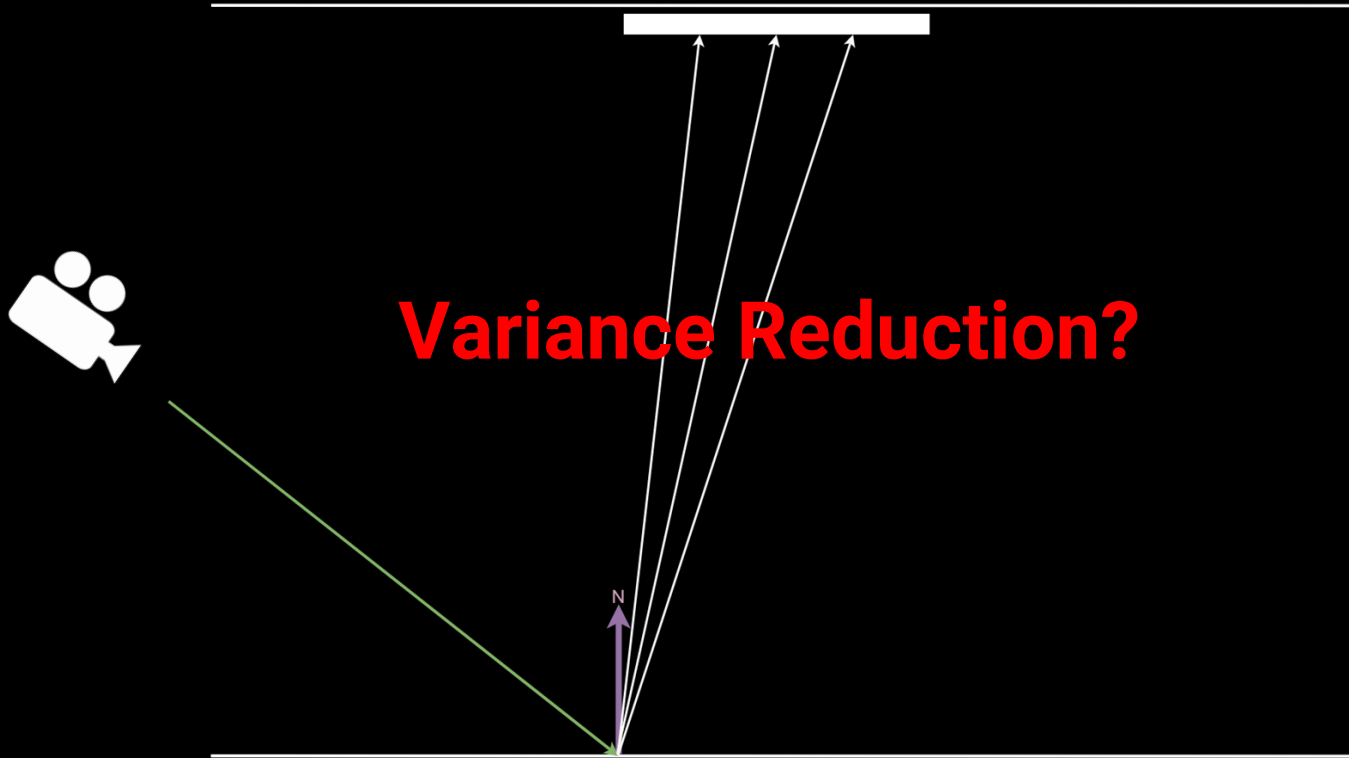


# Area Shadow





# Area Shadow





# Area Shadow

$$L_o \approx \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i d\omega$$

“Real-Time Polygonal-Light Shading with Linearly Transformed Cosines”  
*Eric Heitz, Jonathan Dupuy, Stephen Hill and David Neubelt*



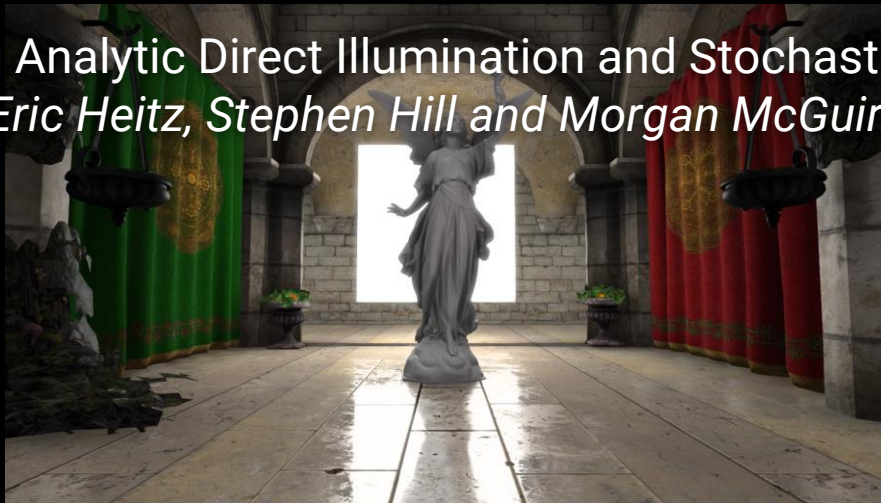
*Sponza Scene - LTC only*



# Area Shadow

$$L_o \approx \frac{\| \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i \cdot V \|}{\| \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i \|} \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i$$

“Combining Analytic Direct Illumination and Stochastic Shadows”  
*Eric Heitz, Stephen Hill and Morgan McGuire*



*Sponza Scene - LTC + Stochastic Shadow*



# Area Shadow - Visibility

$$L_o = \int_{\Omega} BSDF \cdot L_i d\omega \int_{\Omega} L_i \cdot V d\omega$$



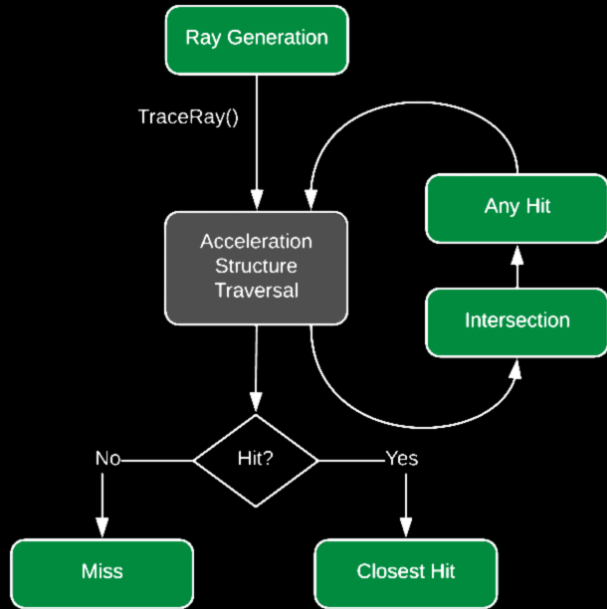


# Area Shadow - Stochastic



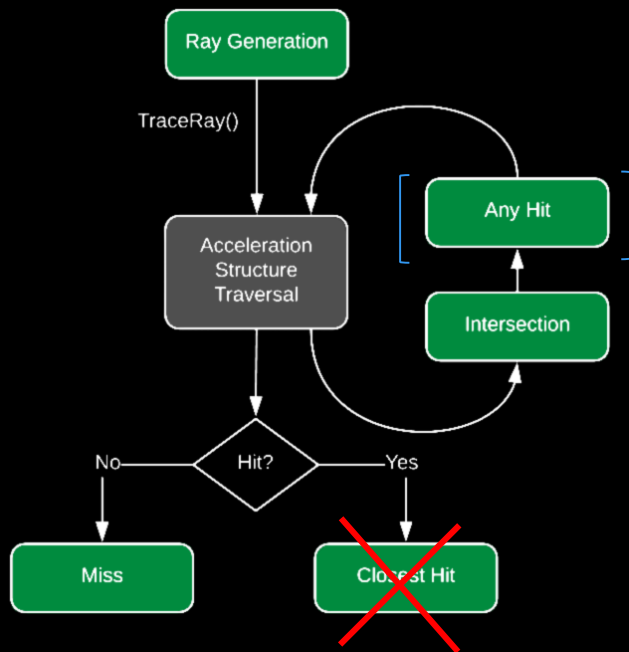


# Area Shadow - Stochastic



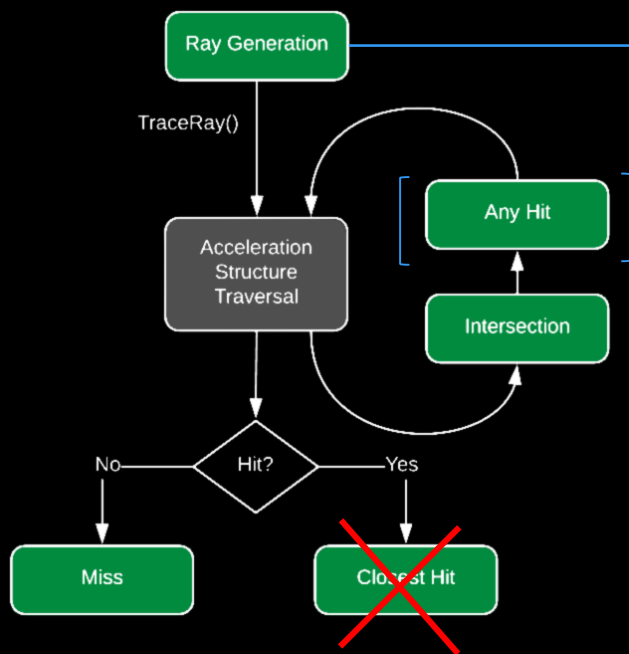


# Area Shadow - Stochastic





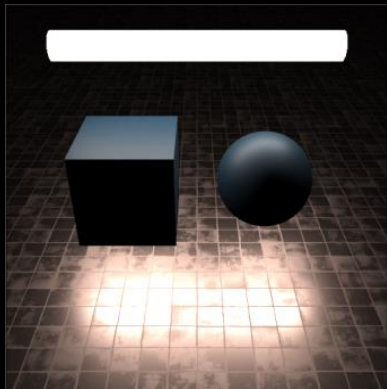
# Area Shadow - Stochastic



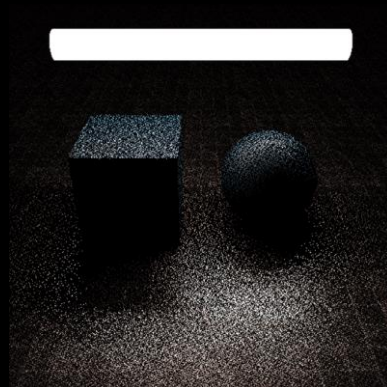
```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
  
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)  
{  
    sample = generateSample();  
    ray = generateRay();  
    TraceRay(ray);  
    Un += BSDF;  
    Sn += BSDF * ray.hit;  
}  
UnUAV = Un / numSamples;  
SnUAV = Sn / numSamples;
```



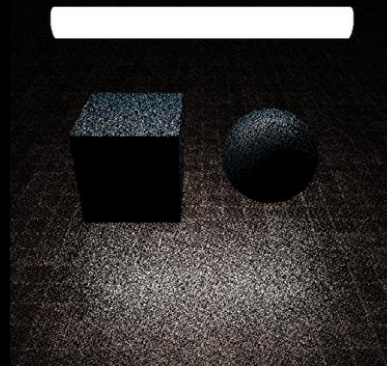
# Area Shadow



*LTC*



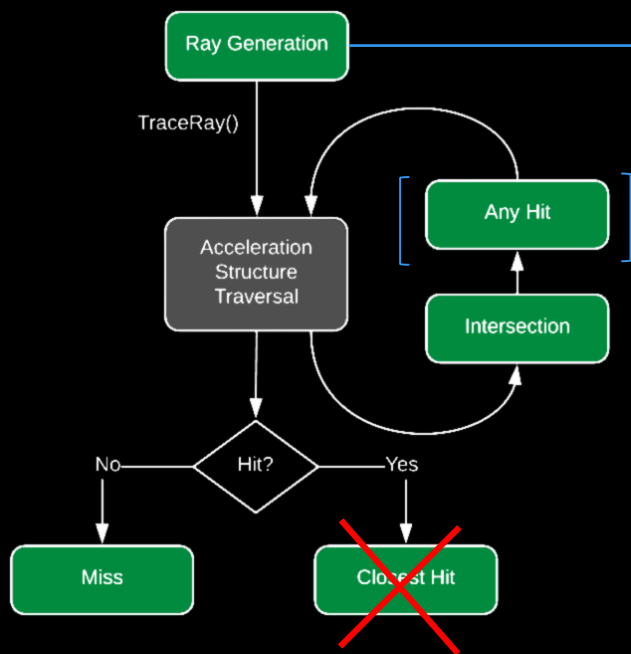
*Sn*



*Un*



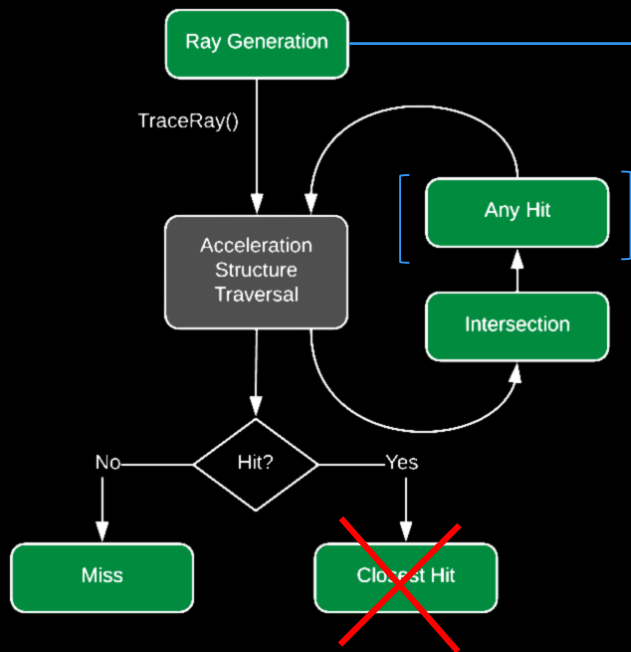
# Area Shadow - Stochastic



```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
  
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)  
{  
    sample = generateSample();  
    ray = generateRay();  
    TraceRay(ray);  
    Un += BSDF;  
    Sn += BSDF * ray.hit;  
}  
UnUAV = Un / numSamples;  
SnUAV = Sn / numSamples;
```



# Area Shadow - Stochastic



```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
  
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)  
{  
    sample = generateSample();  
    ray = generateRay();  
    TraceRay(ray);  
    Un += BSDF;  
    Sn += BSDF * ray.hit;  
}  
UnUAV = Un / numSamples;  
SnUAV = Sn / numSamples;
```

```
denoiseHorizontal(Un);  
denoiseHorizontal(Sn);
```

```
U = denoiseVertical(Un);  
S = denoiseVertical(Sn);  
shadowUAV = S / U;
```



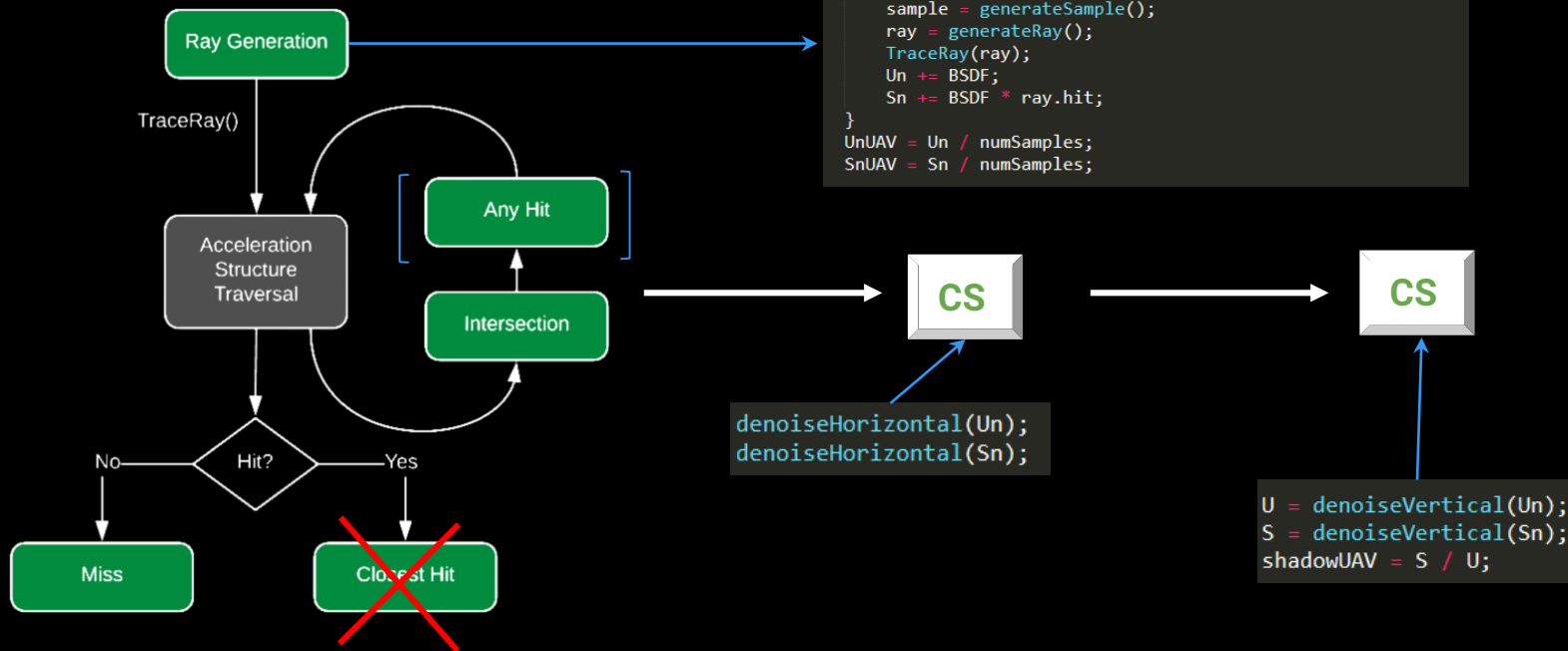
# Area Shadow - Stochastic

2080Ti @ 1920x1080



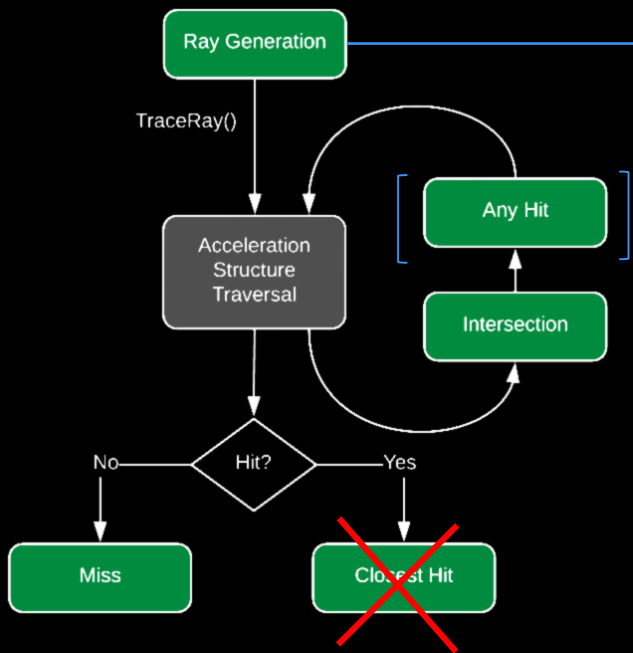


# Area Shadow - Stochastic





# Area Shadow - Stochastic



```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
  
for(int sampleIdx = 0; sampleIdx < numSamples; ++sampleIdx)  
{  
    sample = generateSample();  
    ray = generateRay();  
    TraceRay(ray);  
    Un += BSDF;  
    Sn += BSDF * ray.hit;  
}  
UnUAV = Un / numSamples;  
SnUAV = Sn / numSamples;
```

Use simplest  
shader variant

CS

```
denoiseHorizontal(Un);  
denoiseHorizontal(Sn);
```

CS

```
U = denoiseVertical(Un);  
S = denoiseVertical(Sn);  
shadowUAV = S / U;
```



# Area Shadow - Stochastic

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





# Area Shadow - Stochastic

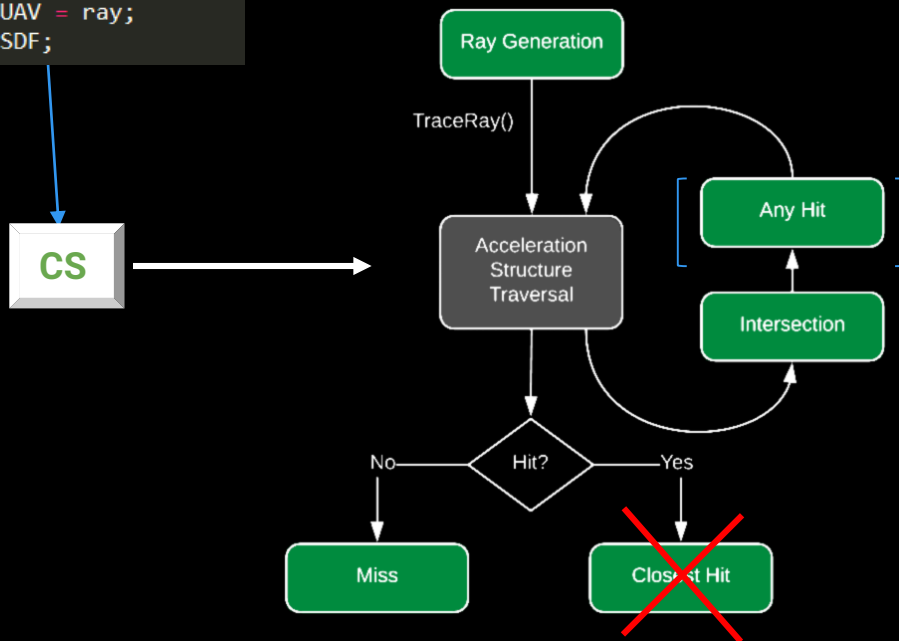
```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
sample = pickNextSample();  
ray = generateRay();  
directionUAV = ray;  
UnUAV = BSDF;
```





# Area Shadow - Stochastic

```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
sample = pickNextSample();  
ray = generateRay();  
directionUAV = ray;  
UnUAV = BSDF;
```

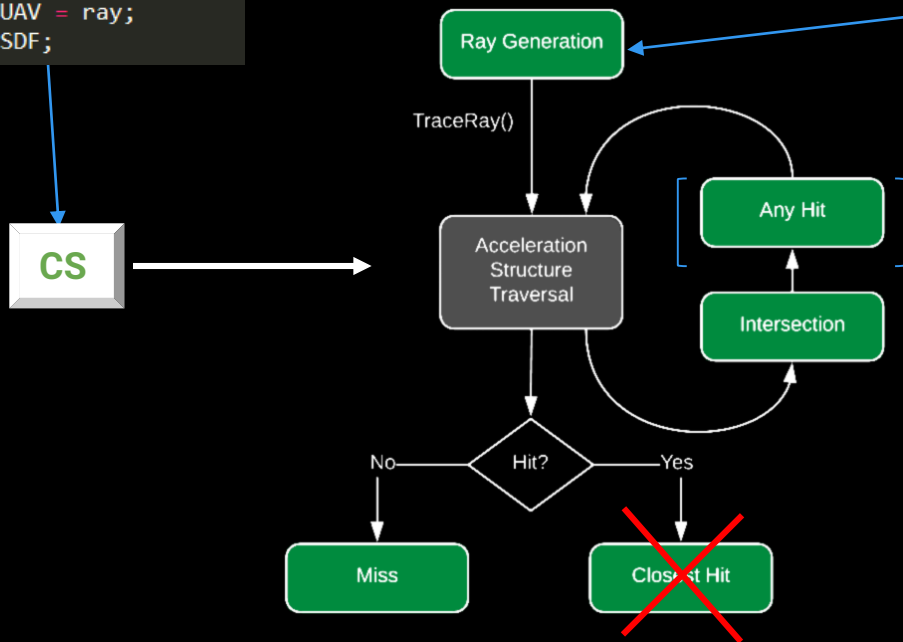




# Area Shadow - Stochastic

```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
sample = pickNextSample();  
ray = generateRay();  
directionUAV = ray;  
UnUAV = BSDF;
```

```
newRay.dir = directionUAV;  
newRay.origin = readPosition(DepthBuffer);  
TraceRay(newRay);  
SnUAV = UnSV * newRay.hit;
```

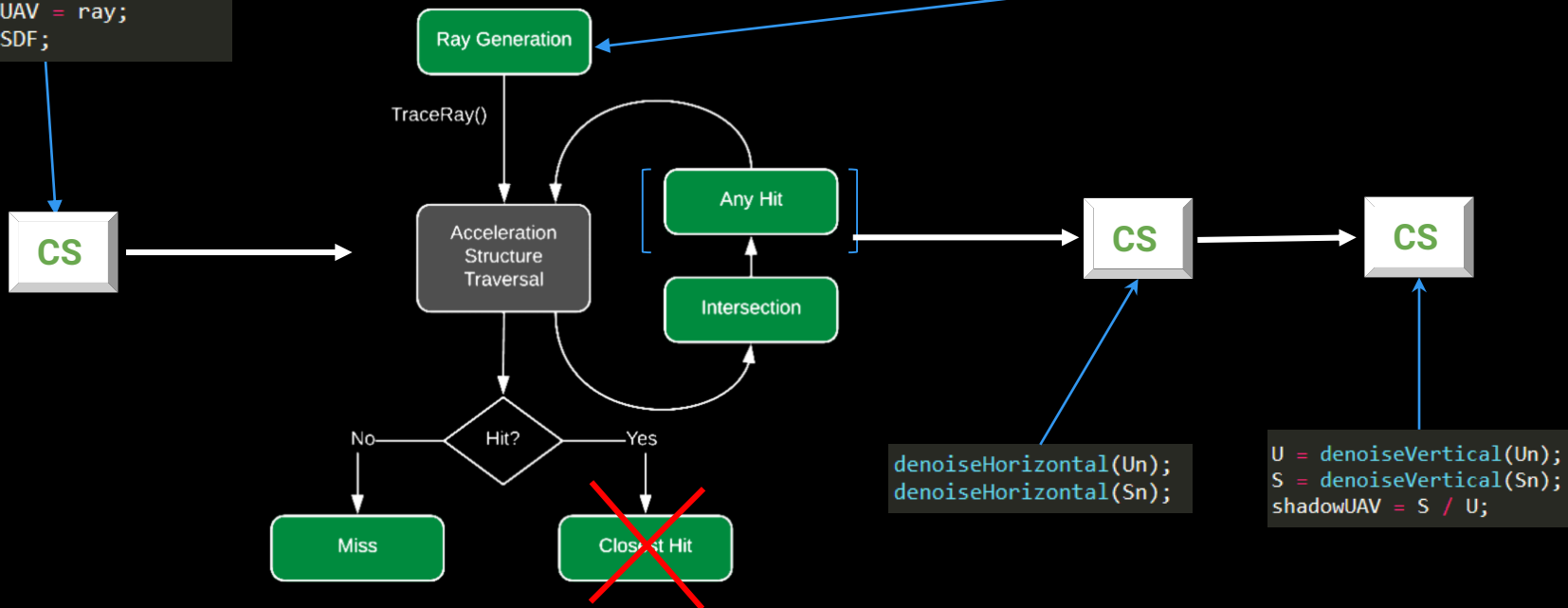




# Area Shadow - Stochastic

```
sq = InitSphericalQuad();  
sample = pickNextSample();  
ray = generateRay();  
directionUAV = ray;  
UnUAV = BSDF;
```

```
newRay.dir = directionUAV;  
newRay.origin = readPosition(DepthBuffer);  
TraceRay(newRay);  
SnUAV = UnSV * newRay.hit;
```





# Area Shadow - Stochastic

2080Ti @ 1920x1080





# Recursive tracing





# Alpha Blend Transparency





# Alpha Blend Transparency



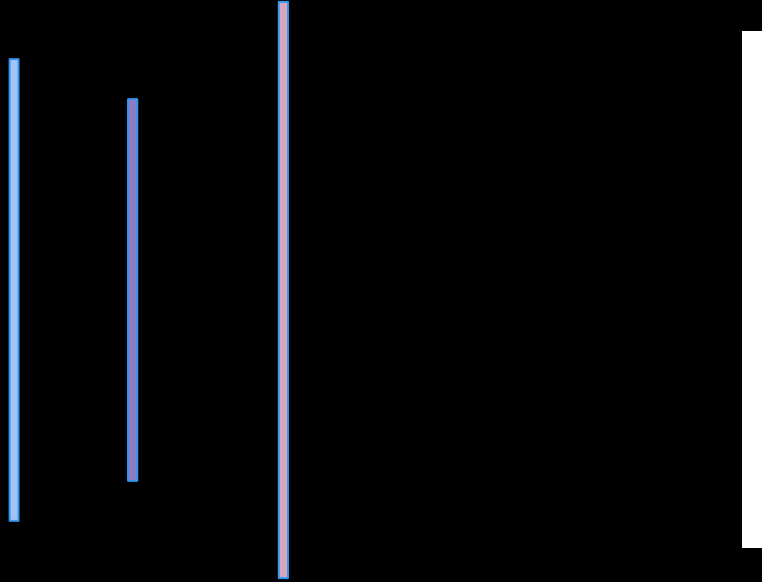


# Alpha Blend Transparency



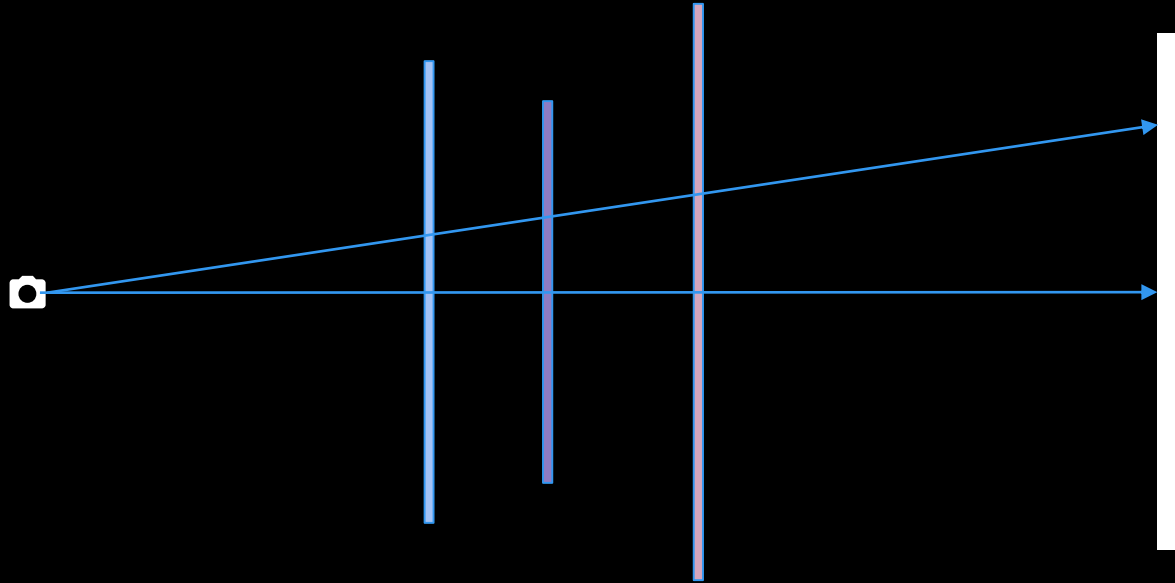


# Alpha Blend Transparency



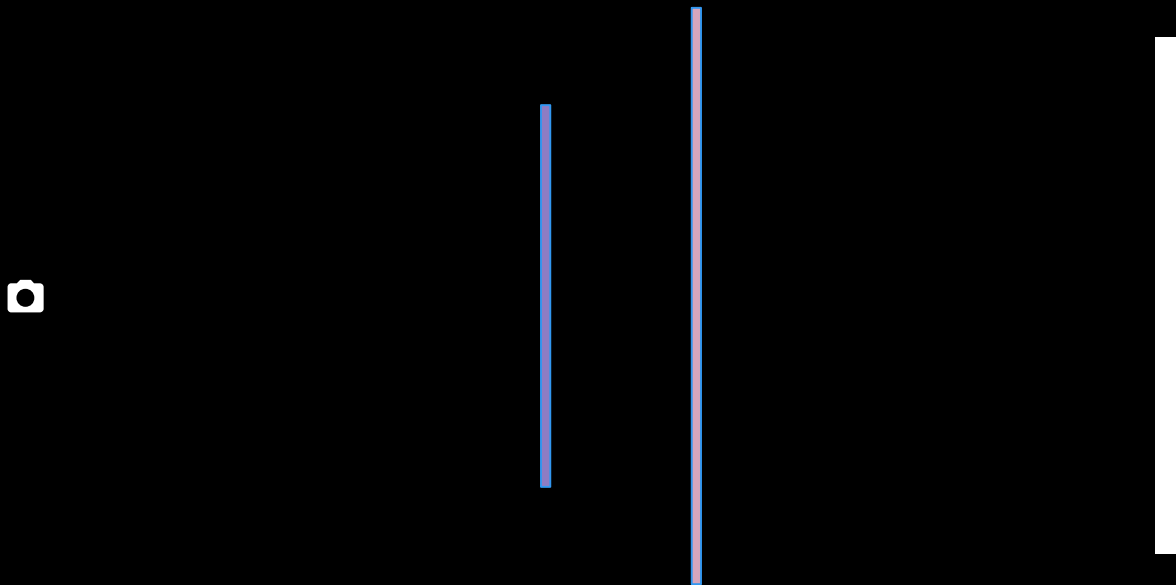


# Alpha Blend Transparency



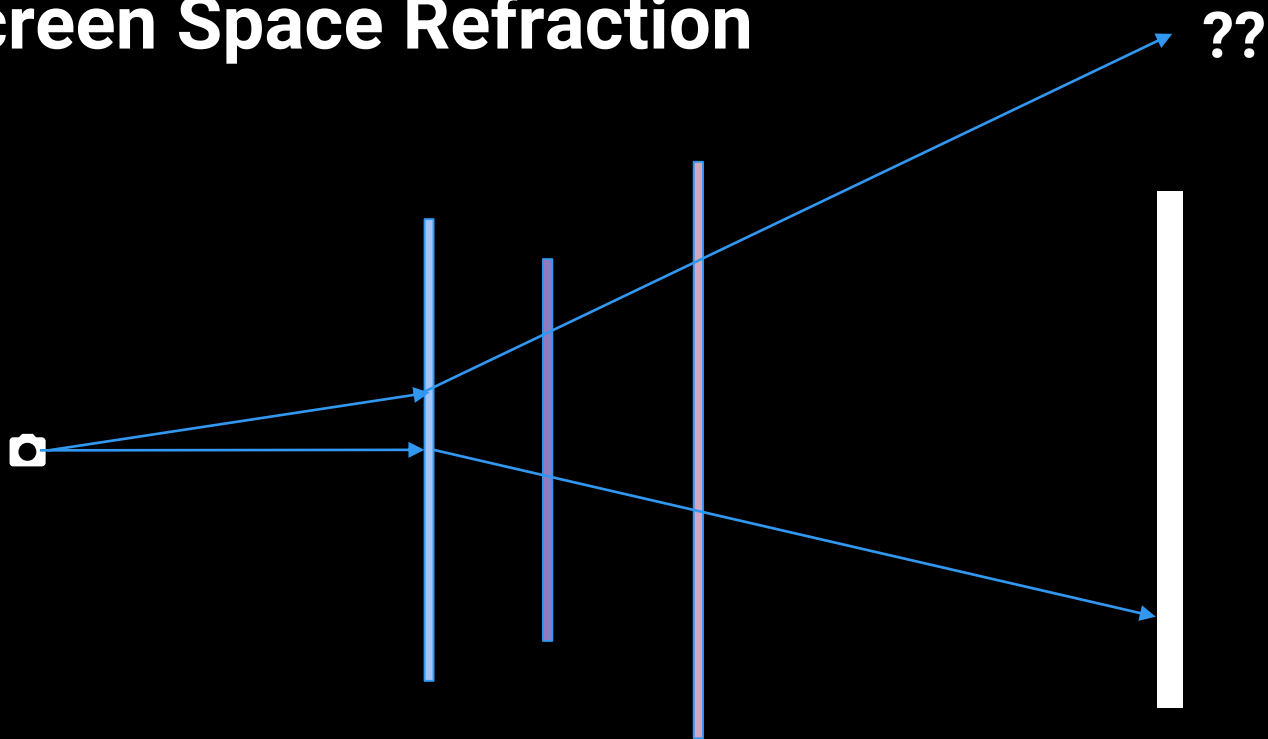


# Screen Space Refraction



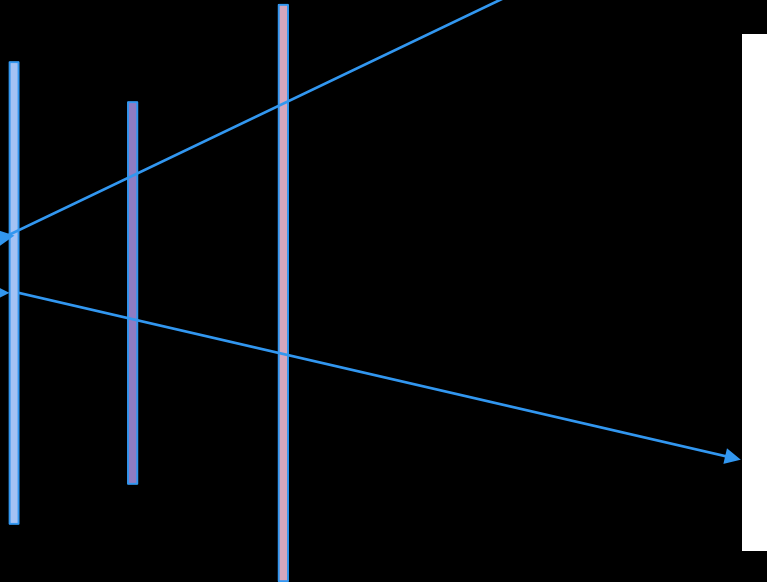


# Screen Space Refraction





# Screen Space Refraction



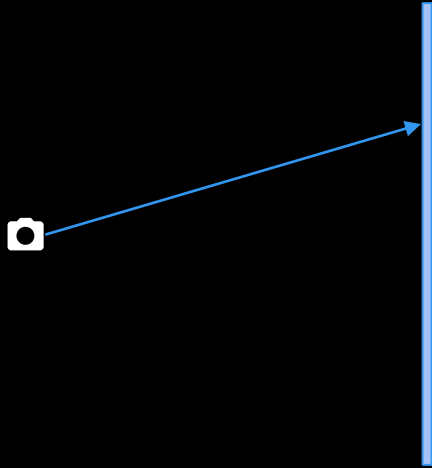


# Ray Traced Transparency



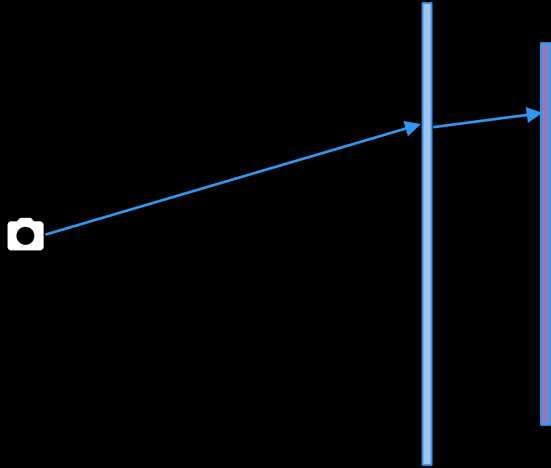


# Ray Traced Transparency



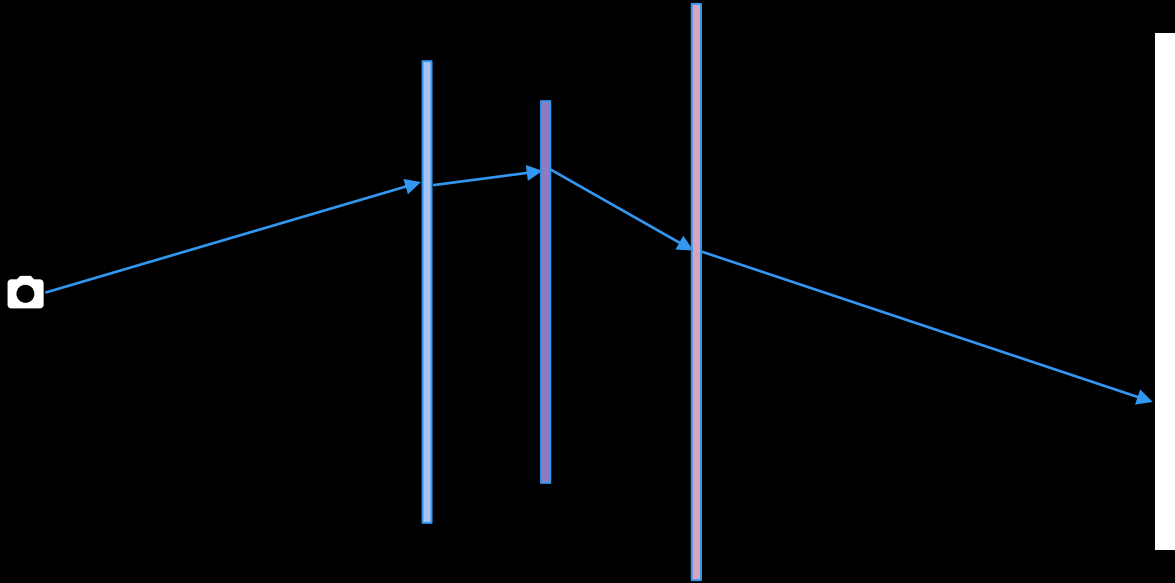


# Ray Traced Transparency



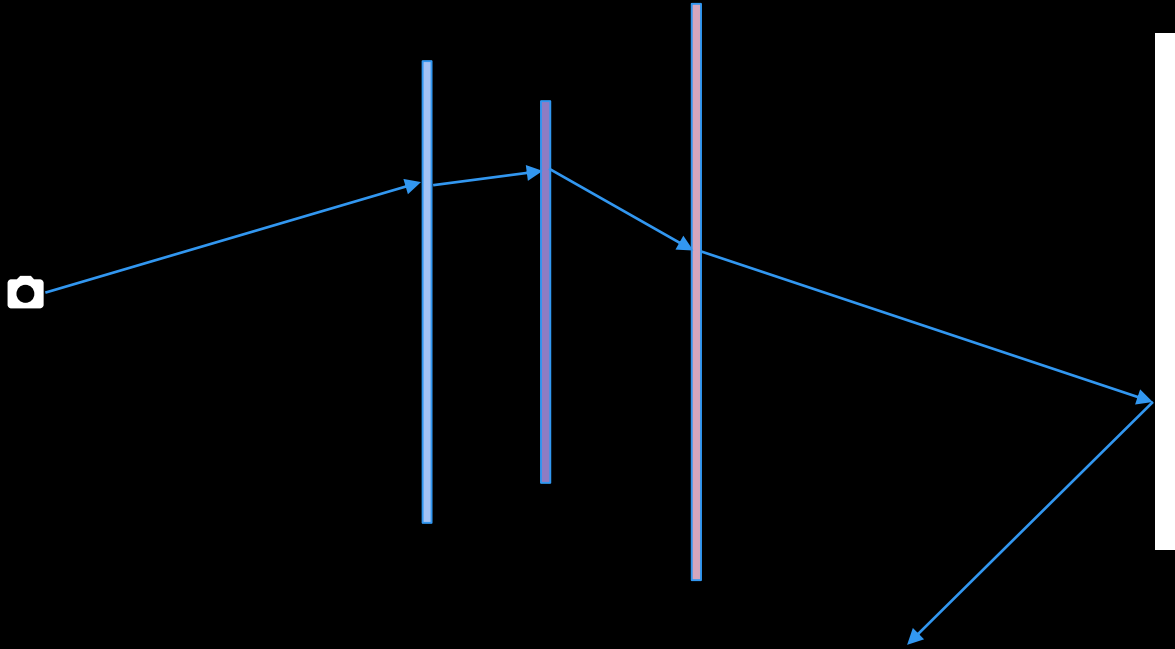


# Ray Traced Transparency



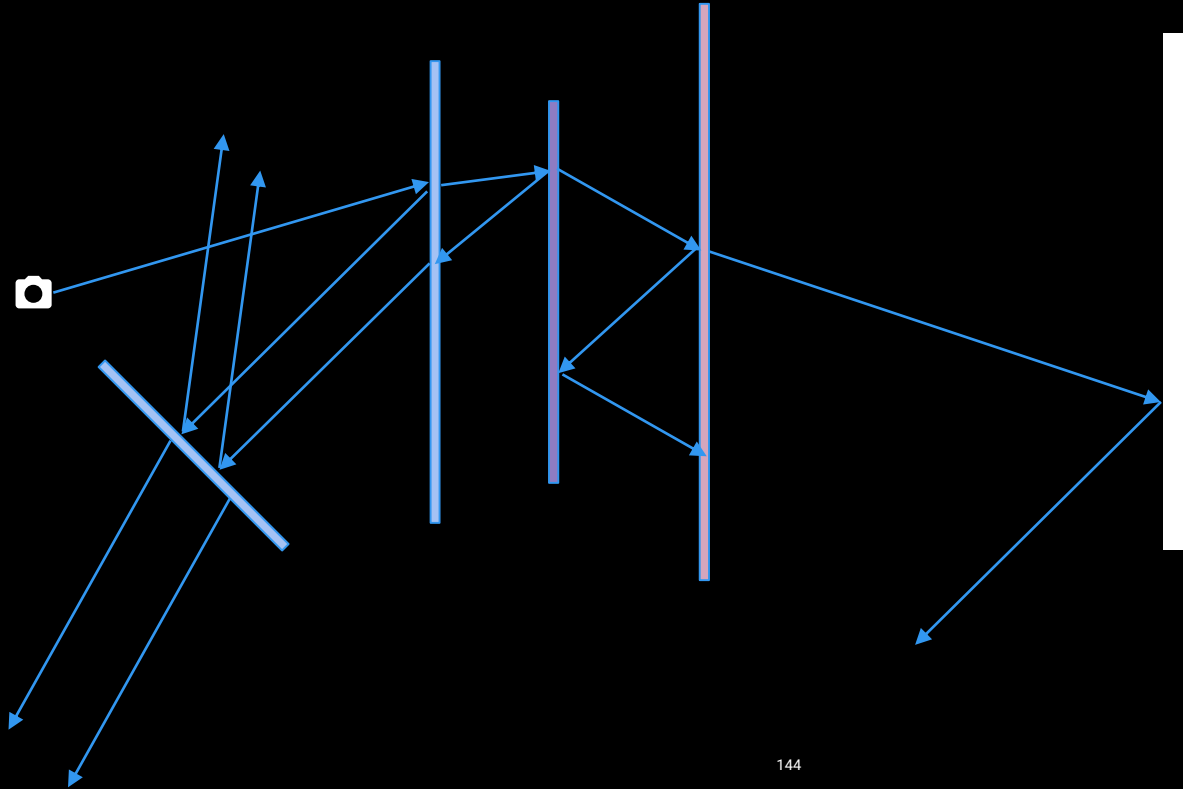


# Ray Traced Transparency



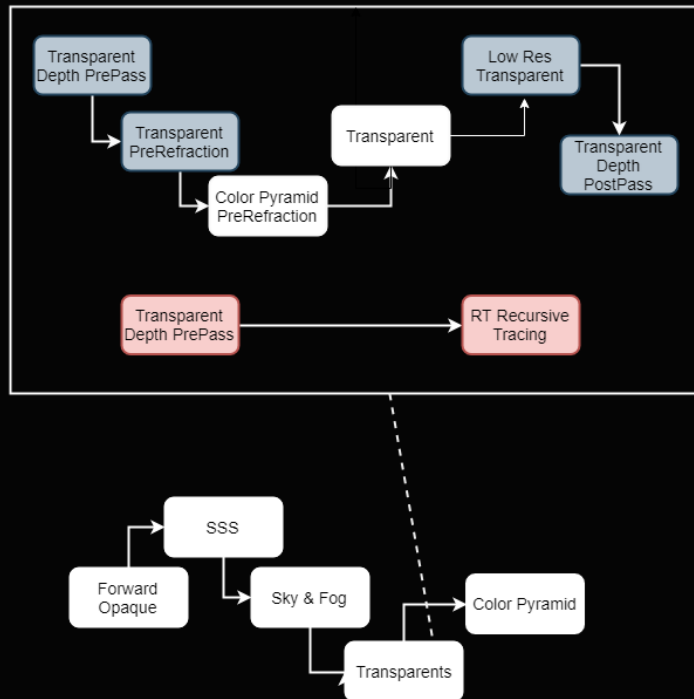


# Ray Traced Transparency





# Hybrid Transparent Render Graph





# Takeaways

- Naive is possible but not viable performance wise
- Reduce variance with analytic approximation/precomputation
- Forward materials are a real problem
- Sometimes rasterization is good enough



# Takeaways

- Bin rays when distribution requires it
- Avoid *anyhit* as much as possible
- Take advantage of compute shaders when possible
- Some rasterization paradigms are incompatible with ray tracing



# Takeaways

- Manage resources lifetime to avoid render target allocation
- Temporal reprojection/accumulation is key for denoising
- For real time, ray budget is extremely tight
- It might not make your image prettier, simply more accurate



# Future Improvements

- Mix ray traced effects with their rasterized variant
- Lower resolution effects and up-sample all effects
- Use ray tracing for non rendering applications
- Path tracer for reference
- Skinned meshes and particle support



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# Questions



<https://github.com/Unity-Technologies/ScriptableRenderPipeline>



# Additional materials



# Indirect Specular

Small Room Scene - Roughness override 1.0 - 1SPP - Min Smoothness 0.0								
Test ID	Deferred	Binning	Tile Size (resolution)	Bin Resolution	Ray Binning Pass (ms)	Ray Trace (ms)	Deferred Shading (ms)	Effect Cost (ms)
Base	Off	Off	0	0	0	38	0	38
A0	On	Off	0	0	0	7.3	1.44	8.74
A1	On	On	16	16	0.141	5.8	1.437	7.378
A2	On	On	32	16	0.126	5.3	1.44	6.866

Small Room Scene - Roughness override 1.0 - 1SPP - Min Smoothness 0.0				
Test ID	Type	Ray Trace (ms)	Deferred Shading (ms)	Effect Cost (ms)
Base	Default	38	0	38
A0	Prepass + SemiDeferred	17	0	17
A1	Prepass + Deferred	7.5	1.4	8.9

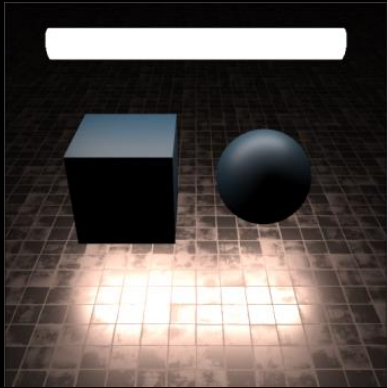


# Indirect Specular

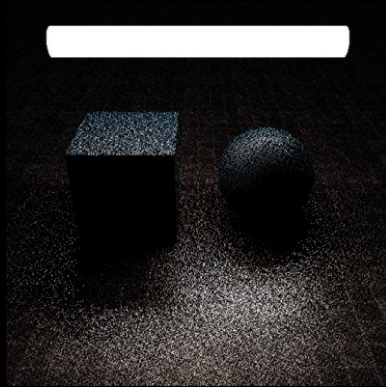
Small Room Scene - Variable Roughness - 1SPP - Min Smoothness 0.6								
Test ID	Deferred	Binning	Tile Size (resolution)	Bin Resolution	Ray Binning Pass (ms)	Ray Trace (ms)	Deferred Shading (ms)	Effect Cost (ms)
Base	Off	Off	0	0	0	8.6	0	8.6
A0	On	Off	0	0	0	1.961	0.633	2.594
A1	On	On	16	16	0.132	1.8	0.634	2.566
A2	On	On	32	16	0.1085	1.69	0.637	2.4355



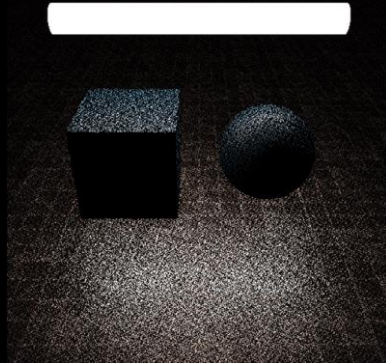
# Area Shadow



*LTC*



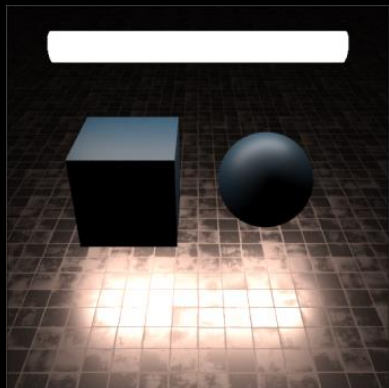
*Sn*



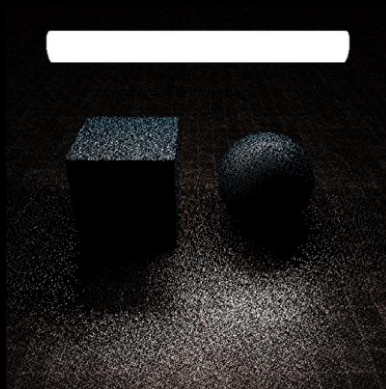
*Un*



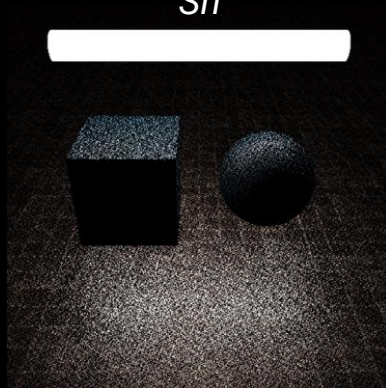
# Area Shadow



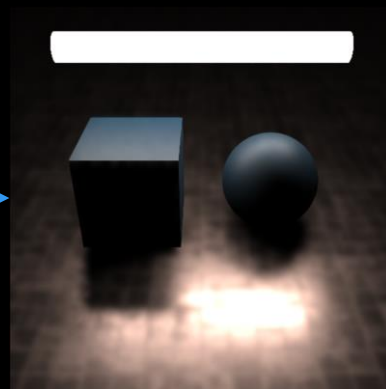
*LTC*



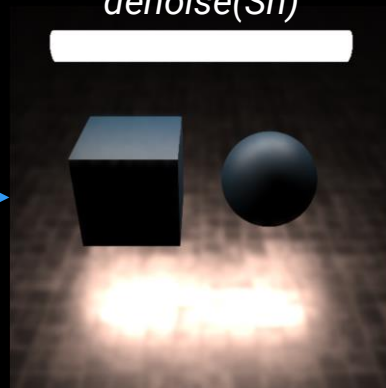
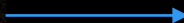
$S_n$



$U_n$



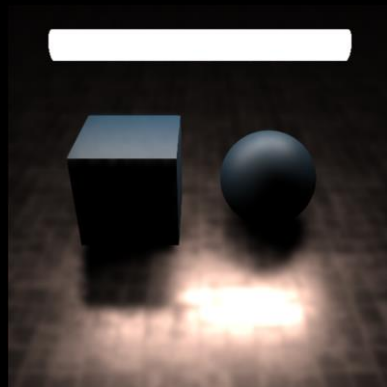
$denoise(S_n)$



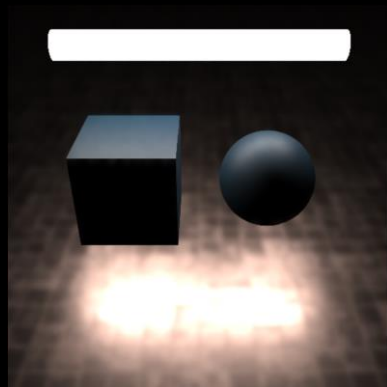
$denoise(U_n)$



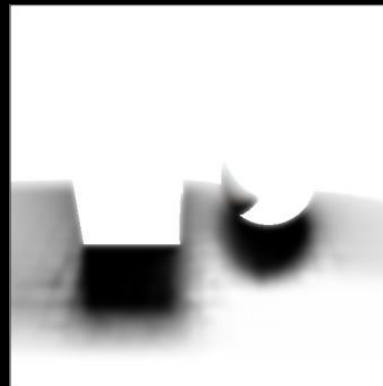
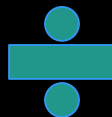
# Area Shadow



$\text{denoise}(U_n)$



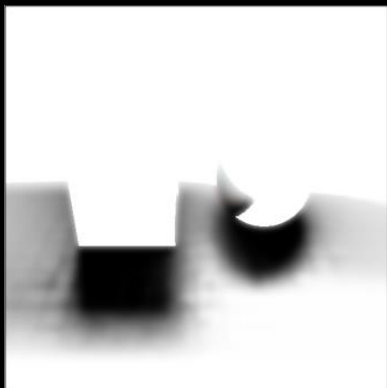
$\text{denoise}(S_n)$



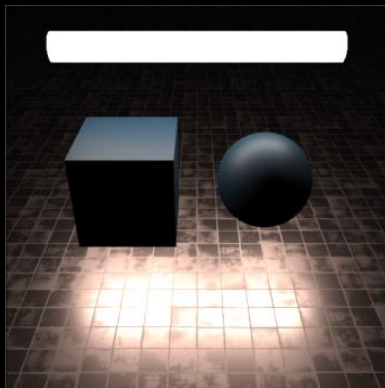
$\text{denoise}(S_n) / \text{denoise}(U_n)$



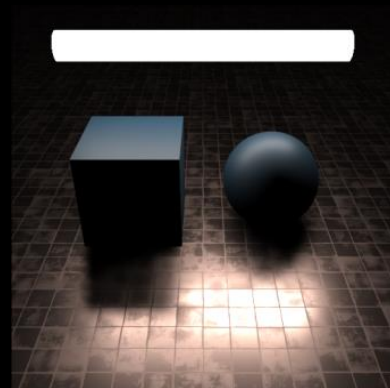
# Area Shadow



$\text{denoise}(S_n) / \text{denoise}(U_n)$



*LTC*



*LTC + Stochastic Shadow*